Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited and its subsidiary Report and financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2021



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited and its subsidiary ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in owners' equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and have also audited the separate financial statements of Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited for the same period.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited and its subsidiary and of Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited as at 31 December 2021, their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions as relevant to my audit of the financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.



Emphasis of Matters

I would like to draw attention to the following matters as described in notes to financial statements.

(a) As described in Note 2.1 to the financial statements that capital market volatilities and the fall of interest rates over the past several years pose difficulties for financial institutions. Adjustments are being made by companies to inject capital to meet prudent capital requirements as stipulated by the Office of the Insurance Commission ("the OIC"). The OIC had also temporarily lowered the minimum Capital Adequacy Ratio ("CAR") from 140% to 120% as from 31 December 2019 to 31 December 2021 under the Risk-Based Capital 2 Framework.

The Company is no exception having continuously increased its share capital whereby it increase totals of Baht 300 million during 2021 and Baht 1,400 million during 2020 to meet the CAR's requirement, which caused its CAR as at 31 December 2021 to be at 156% (based on management report, not yet reviewed or audited by the Company's auditor). The Company still plans to increase additional capital to support the continuing situation of the persistent low interest rate and the business expansion and execute its long-term plan by readjusting its product and investment strategies to lower the risk charge and enhance a sustainable efficiency in its business operation.

These market circumstances indicate uncertainties, which are dependent upon the success in achieving its capital increase plan and improving its operating performance. The major shareholder has been very supportive of all past capital calls and has undertaken to provide more capital if necessary, to meet its growing policy commitments and regulatory capital requirements whereby the major shareholder stated in its letter dated 16 March 2021 that it will provide financial support to the Company to enable it to maintain the CAR of not lower than the minimum requirement as stipulated by the OIC.

(b) The reversals of accounts relating to reinsurance made with reinsurers for all reinsurance transactions previously ceded to the reinsurers as from 1 February 2020 to 30 September 2021 and their impacts were already reflected in the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 as described in Note 15 to the financial statements.

Accordingly, I do not express any qualified opinion on these matters.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group's or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.
The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group's to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions
 and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities
 or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial
 statements. I am responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group
 audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I am responsible for the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report.

Rachada Yongsawadvanich

Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 4951

EY Office Limited

Bangkok: 28 March 2022

Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited and its subsidiary Statements of financial position

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020

(Unit: Baht)

		Consolidated fin	ancial statements	Separate finan	cial statements	
N	ote	31 December 2021	31 December 2020	31 December 2021	31 December 2020	
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	5	516,913,634	356,875,004	511,089,117	351,883,915	
Premium recelvables	6	195,792,416	165,702,830	195,792,416	165,702,830	
Accrued Investment income		36,674,205	44,846,399	36,674,205	44,846,399	
Reinsurance assets	7	8,601,145	104,264,557	8,601,145	104,264,557	
Reinsurance receivables 8,	15	5,911,231	128,987,971	5,911,231	128,987,971	
Investment assets						
Investments in securities	9 .	12,679,539,156	11,734,014,046	12,679,539,156	11,734,014,046	
Loans and interest receivables	10	901,559,801	1,191,458,435	901,559,801	1,191,458,435	
Investments in a subsidiary	11	440	-	5,196,601	5,065,048	
Investment assets of the insured		248,369	-	248,369	-	
Premises and equipment 1	2	200,040,024	223,068,936	200,040,024	223,068,936	
Right-of-use assets	3.1	44,468,376	70,160,157	44,468,376	70,160,157	
Intangible assets	14	7,388,302	11,885,054	7,388,302	11,885,054	
Other assets	5	228,330,189	50,272,387	227,850,770	49,797,699	
Total assets		14,825,466,848	14,081,535,776	14,824,359,513	14,081,135,047	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



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Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited and its subsidiary Statements of financial position (Continued)

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020

(Unit: Baht)

		Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements		
	Note	31 December 2021	31 December 2020	31 December 2021	31 December 2020	
Liabilities and owners' equity						
Liabilities						
Insurance contract liabilities	16	10,658,574,723	11,344,321,195	10,658,574,723	11,344,321,195	
Investment contract liabilities		248,369		248,369		
Reinsurance payables	15, 17	12,632,865	165,843,126	12,632,865	165,843,126	
Lease liabilities	13,2	48,451,090	72,869,099	48,451,090	72,869,099	
Employee benefit obligations	18	57,601,154	56,833,580	57,601,154	56,833,580	
Deferred tax liabilities	19	200,790,907	161,729,290	200,790,907	161,729,290	
Other liabilities	20	195,113,388	317,088,751	194,012,296	316,694,107	
Total liabilitles		11,173,412,496	12,118,685,041	11,172,311,404	12,118,290,397	
Owners' equity						
Share capital						
Registered						
1,600 million ordinary shares of Baht 6.25 each	21	10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000	
Issued and paid-up						
957.5 million ordinary shares of Baht 6.25 each						
(31 December 2020: 909.5 million ordinary						
shares of Baht 6.25 each)	21	5,984,375,000	5,684,375,000	5,984,375,000	5,684,375,000	
Share discount		(58,798,175)	(58,798,175)	(58,798,175)	(58,798,175)	
Deficit		(2,923,809,405)	(4,213,024,121)	(2,923,809,405)	(4,213,024,121)	
Other component of owners' equity						
Revaluation surplus on available-for-sale investmen	its					
measured at fair value through other				, *		
comprehensive income - net of income taxes	9.6	650,280,689	550,291,946	650,280,689	550,291,946	
Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders		3,652,048,109	1,962,844,650	3,652,048,109	1,962,844,650	
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary		6,243	6,085		-	
Total owners' equity		3,652,054,352	1,962,850,735	3,652,048,109	1,962,844,650	
Total liabilities and owners' equity		14,825,466,848	14,081,535,776	14,824,359,513	14,081,135,047	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Directors Directors

Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited and its subsidiary Statements of comprehensive income

For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020

(Unit: Baht)

·		Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
Profit or loss:		,			
Revenues		,		•	
Premium written		3,322,251,074	3,532,204,977	3,322,251,074	3,532,204,977
Add (less): Premium ceded to reinsurers and reversal	15	161,312,003	(206,941,682)	161,312,003	(206,941,682)
Net premium written		3,483,563,077	3,325,263,295	3,483,563,077	3,325,263,295
Add (less): Unearned premium reserves (increased) decreased					
from prior year		86,334,071	(79,949,600)	86,334,071	(79,949,600)
Earned premium after reinsurance		3,569,897,148	3,245,313,695	3,569,897,148	3,245,313,695
Commission and brokerage income (reversal)	15	(1,571,298)	9,933,140	(1,571,298)	9,933,140
Net investment revenues	23	443,921,855	401,936,311	443,911,929	401,927,857
Gains (losses) on investments		130,137,179	(58,142,631)	130,137,179	(58,142,631)
Fair value gains		314,433,855	92,567,496	314,433,855	92,567,496
Share of profit from investment in a subsidiary under equity meth	od		-	131,553	109,210
Other Income		48,522,642	1,370,577	47,581,688	782,867
Total revenues		4,505,341,381	3,692,978,588	4,504,522,054	3,692,491,634
Expenses					
Long-term life insurance policy reserves increased (decreased)		•			
from prior year		(456,332,243)	1,086,786,130	(456,332,243)	1,086,786,130
Unexpired risk reserves increased (decreased) from prior year	16.2	(53,315,768)	81,137,229	(53,315,768)	81,137,229
Benefit payments under life policies and gross claims		2,819,447,989	2,467,792,948	2,819,447,989	2,467,792,948
Add (less): Benefit payments under life policies,		ì			
claims refundable from reinsurance and reversal	15	125,371,220	(137,755,366)	125,371,220	(137,755,366)
Commission and brokerage expenses		376,755,637	793,101,102	376,211,073	792,682,372
Other underwriting expenses		23,463,179	31,725,970	23,463,179	31,725,970
Operating expenses	24	315,218,599	384,367,639	314,944,147	384,302,991
Finance costs	13,3	2,377,942	3,196,434	2,377,942	3,196,434
Expected credit losses	25	47,425,412	84,083,946	47,425,259	84,080,501
Other expenses		1,650,109	708,745	1,650,109	708,745
Total expenses	26	3,202,062,076	4,795,144,777	3,201,242,907	4,794,657,954
Profit (loss) before income tax expenses		1,303,279,305	(1,102,166,189)	1;303,279,147	(1,102,166,320)
Income tax expenses	19.2	(14,064,431)	(22,321,194)	(14,064,431)	(22,321,194)
Net profit (loss)		1,289,214,874	(1,124,487,383)	1,289,214,716	(1,124,487,514)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



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Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited and its subsidiary Statements of comprehensive income (Continued) For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020

				,	(Unit: Baht)
		Consolidated fina	ancial statements	Separate finan	cial statements
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
Other comprehensive income (loss):	28				
Items to be recognised in profit or loss in subsequent years:					
Gains on valuation of available-for-sale investments					
measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		124,985,929	46,040,803	124,985,929	46,040,803
Less: Income taxes	19.2	(24,997,186)	(9,208,161)	(24,997,186)	(9,208,161)
Items to be recognised in profit or loss in subsequent					
years - net of Income taxes		99,988,743	36,832,642	99,988,743	36,832,642
Items not to be recognised in profit or loss in subsequent years:	•				
Actuarial losses		ē	(5,285,425)	-	(5,285,425)
Total items not to be recognised in profit or loss in subsequent year	ars .	_	(5,285,425)	_	(5,285,425)
Other comprehensive income for the years	•	99,988,743	31,547,217	99,988,743	31,547,217
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the years	- +	1,389,203,617	(1,092,940,166)	1,389,203,459	(1,092,940,297)
Net profit (loss) attributable to:		,		•	
The Company's shareholders		1,289,214,716	(1,124,487,514)	1,289,214,716	(1,124,487,514)
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary		158	131		72.00
	_	1,289,214,874	(1,124,487,383)		
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the years attributable	o:			•	
The Company's shareholders		1,389,203,459	(1,092,940,297)	1,389,203,459	(1,092,940,297)
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary		158	131		
		1,389,203,617	(1,092,940,166)		
Basic earnings per share	29				
Earnings (loss) per share		1.36	(1.42)	1.36	(1.42)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



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Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited and its subsidiary Statements of changes in owners' equity For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020

(Unit: Baht)

		Consolidated financial statements							
·		-		Equity attributable t	o the Company's sh	areholders			
•					- W	Other component of equity		•	
						Revaluation surplus on			
			:			available-for-sale investment	S		
						measured at fair	Total equity	Equity attributable	
		Issued and	ż			value through other	attributable to	to non-controlling	
		paid-up	Share subscription			comprehensive income	the Company's	interests of	•
	Note	share capital	receivable	Share discount	Deficit	- net of income taxes	shareholders	the subsidiary	Total
				9		-			
Balance as at 1 January 2020		4,283,246,594	(71,089,769)	-	(3,083,251,182)	513,459,304	1,642,364,947	5,954	1,642,370,901
Net loss		-	-	-	(1,124,487,514)	_	(1,124,487,514)	131	(1,124,487,383)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year		-	_	-	(5,285,425)	36,832,642	31,547,217		31,547,217
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year		-		-	(1,129,772,939)	36,832,642	(1,092,940,297)	131	(1,092,940,166)
Issuance of additional ordinary shares	21	1,400,000,000	-	-		-	1,400,000,000	-	1,400,000,000
Collection on share subscription receivable		1,128,406	71,089,769	(58,798,175)	_	-	13,420,000	~	13,420,000
Balance as at 31 December 2020		5,684,375,000	-	(58,798,175)	(4,213,024,121)	550,291,946	1,962,844,650	6,085	1,962,850,735
Balance as at 1 January 2021		5,684,375,000	_	(58,798,175)	(4,213,024,121)	550,291,946	1,962,844,650	6,085	1,962,850,735
Net profit		-	-	-	1,289,214,716	-	1,289,214,716	158	1,289,214,874
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-]		99,988,743	99,988,743	_	99,988,743
Total comprehensive income for the year		-		_	1,289,214,716	99,988,743	1,389,203,459	158	1,389,203,617
Issuance of additional ordinary shares	21	300,000,000			-	-	300,000,000	_	300,000,000
Balance as at 31 December 2021	,	5,984,375,000	-	(58,798,175)	(2,923,809,405)	650,280,689	3,652,048,109	6,243	3,652,054,352
			garan n			Manual Control of the			, ,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



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Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited and its subsidiary Statements of changes in owners' equity (Continued)

(Unit: Baht)

		Separate financial statements					(<u></u>
		-			•	Other component of equity	
						Revaluation surplus on	
			-			available-for-sale investments	
						measured at fair	
		•				value through other	
•		Issued and	Share subscription			comprehensive income - net	
	Note	paid-up share capital	receivable	Share discount	Deficit	of income taxes	Total
			<i>*</i>				
Balance as at 1 January 2020		4,283,246,594	(71,089,769)	_	(3,083,251,182)	513,459,304	1,642,364,947
Net loss		-	-	- []	(1,124,487,514)	-	(1,124,487,514)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year		-	-	-	(5,285,425)	36,832,642	31,547,217
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year				-	(1,129,772,939)	36,832,642	(1,092,940,297)
Issuance of additional ordinary shares	21	1,400,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,400,000,000
Collection on share subscription receivable		1,128,406	71,089,769	(58,798,175)	-	-	13,420,000
Balance as at 31 December 2020	-	5,684,375,000		(58,798,175)	(4,213,024,121)	550,291,946	1,962,844,650
Balance as at 1 January 2021		5,684,375,000	-	(58,798,175)	(4,213,024,121)	550,291,946	1,962,844,650
Net profit		_	- [-	1,289,214,716	-	1,289,214,716
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-]	- []	-	99,988,743	99,988,743
Total comprehensive income for the year					1,289,214,716	99,988,743	1,389,203,459
Issuance of additional ordinary shares	21	300,000,000	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	300,000,000
Balance as at 31 December 2021		5,984,375,000	-	(58,798,175)	(2,923,809,405)	650,280,689	3,652,048,109
	•						-,,-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited and its subsidiary Statements of cash flows

For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020

(Unit: Baht)

Cash flows from (used in) operating activities Note 2021 2020 2021 2020 Cash flows from (used in) operating activities 3,291,999,949 3,497,185,774 3,291,999,949 3,497,185,774 3,291,999,949 3,497,185,774 3,291,999,949 3,497,185,774 4,235,964 (25,161,498) 1,000,000 291,475,000 484,166 291,475,000 291,475,000 484,166 291,475,000 291,475,000 484,166 291,475,000 484,166 291,475,000 484,166 291,475,000 484,166 291,475,000 484,166 291,475,000 484,166 291,475,000 484,166 291,475,000 484,166 291,475,000 484,166 291,475,000 484,166 291,475,000 291,475,000 291,475,000 491,414,114 291,475,000 491			Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
Gross premium from direct insurance 3,291,999,949 3,497,185,774 3,291,999,949 3,497,185,774 Cash received (pald) from reinsurance 4,235,964 (25,161,498) 4,235,964 (25,161,498) Interest income 279,499,262 291,483,463 279,493,336 281,475,000 Other income 162,447,244 104,501,360 162,447,244 104,501,360 Other income 21,011,358 1,071,876 20,070,403 484,166 Benefit payments under life policles and gross claims (5,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,813,548,966) (2,813,548,966) (2,813,548,966) (2,813,548,966) (2,813,548,966) (2,813,548,966)		Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
Cash received (pald) from reinsurance 4,235,964 (25,161,49e) 4,235,964 (25,161,49e) 1,235,964 (25,161,49e) 1,235,964 229,1483,463 279,489,336 291,475,009 291,475,009 291,475,009 291,475,009 291,475,009 291,475,009 291,475,009 291,475,009 291,475,009 291,475,009 291,475,009 20,000,403 484,166 20,200,403 484,164 484,168 20,000,403 484,164 484,168 484,168 484,168 484,168 484,168 484,168 484,168 484,168 4	Cash flows from (used in) operating activities					
Dividend income	Gross premium from direct insurance	1	3,291,999,949	3,497,185,774	3,291,999,949	3,497,185,774
Dividend income 162,447,244 104,501,360 162,447,244 010,501,368 Chher income 21,011,358 1,071,876 20,070,403 484,166 Benefit payments under life policies and gross claims From direct insurance (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (457,940,221) (794,414,114) (10,404,20) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (27,005,704) <td>Cash received (paid) from reinsurance</td> <td></td> <td>4,235,964</td> <td>(25,161,498)</td> <td>4,235,964</td> <td>(25,161,498)</td>	Cash received (paid) from reinsurance		4,235,964	(25,161,498)	4,235,964	(25,161,498)
Other income 21,011,358 1,071,876 20,070,403 484,186 Benefit payments under life policies and gross claims (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,14,114) (2,14,114) (2,14,114) (2,14,114) (2,14,114) (2,14,114) (2,14,114) (2,14,114) (2,16,114) (2,16,106) (2,16,106) (2,16,106) (2,106,107) (3,1189,129) (2,10,106) (2,10,106) (2,10,106) (2,106,107) (3,104,106) (3,104,106) (3,104,106) (3,104,106) (3,104,106) (3,104,106) (3,104,106) (3,104,106) <td< td=""><td>Interest income</td><td></td><td>279,499,262</td><td>291,483,463</td><td>279,489,336</td><td>291,475,009</td></td<>	Interest income		279,499,262	291,483,463	279,489,336	291,475,009
Benefit payments under life policies and gross claims from direct insurance (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,784,141,14) (2,239,806,426) (2,4700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (22,760,070,022) (31,189,129) (22,760,070,022) (31,189,129) (22,760,070,022) (31,189,129) (22,760,070,022) (31,189,129) (22,760,070,022) (31,189,129) (22,760,070,022) (31,189,129) (22,760,070,022) (31,189,129) (22,760,070,022) (31,189,129) (22,100,022) (31,189,129) (22,100,022) (31,189,129) (22,100,070,020) (31,081,429,020) (31,081,429,020) <td>Dividend income</td> <td></td> <td>162,447,244</td> <td>104,501,360</td> <td>162,447,244</td> <td>104,501,360</td>	Dividend income		162,447,244	104,501,360	162,447,244	104,501,360
from direct insurance (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,813,548,966) (2,239,806,426) (2,239,806,426) (2,239,806,426) (2,239,806,426) (2,239,806,426) (2,239,806,426) (2,239,806,426) (2,239,806,426) (2,239,806,426) (2,239,806,426) (2,239,806,426) (2,239,806,426) (2,239,806,426) (2,239,806,426) (2,239,806,426) (794,414,114) Other underwriting expenses (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (419,783,47) (276,057,043) (20,076,057,043) (20,076,057,043) (20,076,057,043) (20,076,057,043) (20,076,057,043) (20,076,057,043) (20,076,057,043) (20,076,058,352) (3,461,948,204) (6,007,689,352) (3,461,948,204) (3,401,448,204) (3,401,448,204) (3,401,448,204) (3,401,448,204) (3,401,448,204) (3,401,448,204) (3,40	Other income		21,011,358	1,071,876	20,070,403	484,166
Commission and brokerage expenses on direct insurance (458,484,826) (794,832,844) (457,940,261) (794,414,114) Other underwriting expenses (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) Operating expenses (419,356,210) (276,382,189) (419,783,475) (276,057,043) Other expenses (851,809) (120,570) (851,809) (120,570) Cash received on financial assets (851,809) (120,570) (851,809) (120,570) Cash paid for financial assets (3,461,948,204) (6,007,689,352) (3,461,948,204) (6,007,689,352) Net cash used in operating activities (100,404,813) (1,372,513,768) (101,238,394) (1,372,66,056) Cash flows from (used in) investing activities (8,518,544) (17,326,210) (8,518,544) (1,7326,210) Intangible assets (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (20,113,554) (20,113,554) (20,113,554) (20,113,554) (20,113,554) (20,113,554) (20,113,554) (20,113,554) <	Benefit payments under life policies and gross claims					
Other underwriting expenses (24,700,222) (31,189,129) (24,700,222) (31,189,129) Operating expenses (419,356,210) (276,382,189) (419,783,475) (276,057,043) Other expenses (851,809) (120,570) (851,809) (120,570) Cash received on financial assets 3,319,291,647 4,108,425,767 3,319,291,647 4,108,425,767 Cash paid for financial assets (3,461,948,204) (6,007,689,352) (3,461,948,204) (6,007,689,352) Net cash used in operating activities (100,404,813) (1,372,513,768) (101,238,394) (1,372,366,056) Equipment (8,518,544) (17,326,210) (8,518,544) (17,326,210) Intangible assets (8,518,544) (17,326,210) (8,518,544) (2,787,344) Net cash used in investing activities (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (8,518,544) (20,113,554) Payments of lease liabilities (31,047,536) (29,501,413) (31,047,536) (29,501,413) Proceeds from issuance of additional ordinary shares 21 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 300,000,000 1,400,000,000<	from direct insurance		(2,813,548,966)	(2,239,806,426)	(2,813,548,966)	(2,239,806,426)
Operating expenses (419,356,210) (276,382,189) (419,783,475) (276,057,043) Other expenses (851,809) (120,570) (851,809) (120,570) Cash received on financial assets 3,319,291,647 4,108,425,767 3,319,291,647 4,108,425,767 Cash paid for financial assets (3,461,948,204) (6,007,689,352) (3,461,948,204) (6,007,689,352) Net cash used in operating activities (100,404,813) (1,372,513,768) (101,238,394) (1,372,366,056) Equipment (8,518,544) (17,326,210) (8,518,544) (17,326,210) Intangible assets (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (8,518,544) (20,113,554) Net cash used in investing activities (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (8,518,544) (20,113,554) Payments of lease liabilities (31,047,536) (29,501,413) (31,047,536) (29,501,413) Proceeds from issuance of additional ordinary shares 21 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 Collection on share subscription receivable 13,420,000 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 <t< td=""><td>Commission and brokerage expenses on direct insurance</td><td></td><td>(458,484,826)</td><td>(794,832,844)</td><td>(457,940,261)</td><td>(794,414,114)</td></t<>	Commission and brokerage expenses on direct insurance		(458,484,826)	(794,832,844)	(457,940,261)	(794,414,114)
Other expenses (851,809) (120,570) (851,809) (120,570) Cash received on financial assets 3,319,291,647 4,108,425,767 3,319,291,647 4,108,425,767 Cash paid for financial assets (3,461,948,204) (6,007,689,352) (3,461,948,204) (6,007,689,352) Net cash used in operating activities (100,404,813) (1,372,513,768) (101,238,394) (1,372,366,056) Cash flows from (used in) Investing activities (8,518,544) (17,326,210) (8,518,544) (17,326,210) Intangible assets (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (20,113,554) Net cash used in investing activities (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (20	Other underwriting expenses		(24,700,222)	(31,189,129)	(24,700,222)	(31,189,129)
Cash received on financial assets 3,319,291,647 4,108,425,767 3,319,291,647 4,108,425,767 Cash paid for financial assets (3,461,948,204) (6,007,689,352) (3,461,948,204) (6,007,689,352) Net cash used in operating activities (100,404,813) (1,372,513,768) (101,238,394) (1,372,366,056) Cash flows from (used in) investing activities (8,518,544) (17,326,210) (8,518,544) (17,326,210) Intangible assets - (2,787,344) - (2,787,344) Net cash used in investing activities (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (8,518,544) (20,113,554) Cash flows from (used in) financial activities (31,047,536) (29,501,413) (31,047,536) (29,501,413) Payments of lease liabilities (31,047,536) (29,501,413) (31,047,536) (29,501,413) Proceeds from Issuance of additional ordinary shares 21 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 Collection on share subscription receivable - 13,420,000 - 13,420,000 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 160,029,107	Operating expenses		(419,356,210)	(276,382,189)	(419,783,475)	(276,057,043)
Cash paid for financial assets (3,461,948,204) (6,007,689,352) (3,461,948,204) (6,007,689,352) Net cash used in operating activities (100,404,813) (1,372,513,768) (101,238,394) (1,372,366,056) Cash flows from (used in) Investing activities (8,518,544) (17,326,210) (8,518,544) (17,326,210) Intangible assets (2,787,344) (20,113,554) (8,518,544) (20,113,554) Net cash used in investing activities (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (8,518,544) (20,113,554) Cash flows from (used in) financial activities (31,047,536) (29,501,413) (31,047,536) (29,501,413) Proceeds from Issuance of additional ordinary shares 21 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 Collection on share subscription receivable 13,420,000 13,420,000 13,420,000 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 160,029,107 (8,708,735) 159,195,526 (8,561,023) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the years 356,875,004 365,763,405 351,883,915 360,621,159	Other expenses		(851,809)	(120,570)	(851,809)	(120,570)
Net cash used in operating activities (100,404,813) (1,372,513,768) (101,238,394) (1,372,366,056) Cash flows from (used in) investing activities (8,518,544) (17,326,210) (8,518,544) (17,326,210) intangible assets - (2,787,344) - (2,787,344) Net cash used in investing activities (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (8,518,544) (20,113,554) Cash flows from (used in) financial activities (31,047,536) (29,501,413) (31,047,536) (29,501,413) Payments of lease liabilities (31,047,536) (29,501,413) (31,047,536) (29,501,413) Proceeds from Issuance of additional ordinary shares 21 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 Collection on share subscription receivable - 13,420,000 - 13,420,000 Net cash provided by financing activities 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 160,029,107 (8,708,735) 159,195,526 (8,561,023) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the years 356,875,004 <td>Cash received on financial assets</td> <td></td> <td>3,319,291,647</td> <td>4,108,425,767</td> <td>3,319,291,647</td> <td>4,108,425,767</td>	Cash received on financial assets		3,319,291,647	4,108,425,767	3,319,291,647	4,108,425,767
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities Equipment (8,518,544) (17,326,210) (8,518,544) (17,326,210) Intangible assets - (2,787,344) - (2,787,344) Net cash used in investing activities (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (8,518,544) (20,113,554) Cash flows from (used in) financial activities (31,047,536) (29,501,413) (31,047,536) (29,501,413) Payments of lease liabilities (31,047,536) (29,501,413) (31,047,536) (29,501,413) Proceeds from issuance of additional ordinary shares 21 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 Collection on share subscription receivable - 13,420,000 - 13,420,000 Net cash provided by financing activities 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 160,029,107 (8,708,735) 159,195,526 (8,561,023) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the years 356,875,004 365,763,405 351,883,915 360,621,159	Cash paid for financial assets		(3,461,948,204)	(6,007,689,352)	(3,461,948,204)	(6,007,689,352)
Equipment (8,518,544) (17,326,210) (8,518,544) (17,326,210) Intangible assets - (2,787,344) - (2,787,344) Net cash used in investing activities (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (8,518,544) (20,113,554) Cash flows from (used in) financial activities (31,047,536) (29,501,413) (31,047,536) (29,501,413) Payments of lease liabilities (31,047,536) (29,501,413) (31,047,536) (29,501,413) Proceeds from Issuance of additional ordinary shares 21 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 Collection on share subscription receivable - 13,420,000 - 13,420,000 Net cash provided by financing activities 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 160,029,107 (8,708,735) 159,195,526 (8,561,023) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the years 356,875,004 365,763,405 351,883,915 360,621,159	Net cash used in operating activities		(100,404,813)	`(1,372,513,768)	(101,238,394)	(1,372,366,056)
Intangible assets - (2,787,344) - (2,787,344) Net cash used in investing activities (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (8,518,544) (20,113,554) Cash flows from (used in) financial activities Payments of lease liabilities (31,047,536) (29,501,413) (31,047,536) (29,501,413) Proceeds from issuance of additional ordinary shares 21 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 Collection on share subscription receivable - 13,420,000 - 13,420,000 Net cash provided by financing activities 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 160,029,107 (8,708,735) 159,195,526 (8,561,023) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the years 356,875,004 365,763,405 351,883,915 360,621,159	Cash flows from (used in) investing activities					
Net cash used in investing activities (8,518,544) (20,113,554) (8,518,544) (20,113,554) Cash flows from (used in) financial activities Payments of lease liabilities (31,047,536) (29,501,413) (31,047,536) (29,501,413) Proceeds from Issuance of additional ordinary shares 21 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 Collection on share subscription receivable - 13,420,000 - 13,420,000 Net cash provided by financing activities 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 160,029,107 (8,708,735) 159,195,526 (8,561,023) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the years 356,875,004 365,763,405 351,883,915 360,621,159	Equipment		(8,518,544)	(17,326,210)	(8,518,544)	(17,326,210)
Cash flows from (used in) financial activities Payments of lease liabilities (31,047,536) (29,501,413) (31,047,536) (29,501,413) Proceeds from Issuance of additional ordinary shares 21 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 Collection on share subscription receivable - 13,420,000 - 13,420,000 Net cash provided by financing activities 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 160,029,107 (8,708,735) 159,195,526 (8,561,023) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the years 356,875,004 365,763,405 351,883,915 360,621,159	intangible assets		-	(2,787,344)		(2,787,344)
Payments of lease liabilities (31,047,536) (29,501,413) (31,047,536) (29,501,413) Proceeds from Issuance of additional ordinary shares 21 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 Collection on share subscription receivable - 13,420,000 - 13,420,000 Net cash provided by financing activities 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 160,029,107 (8,708,735) 159,195,526 (8,561,023) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the years 356,875,004 365,763,405 351,883,915 360,621,159	Net cash used in investing activities		(8,518,544)	(20,113,554)	(8,518,544)	(20,113,554)
Proceeds from issuance of additional ordinary shares 21 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 300,000,000 1,400,000,000 Collection on share subscription receivable - 13,420,000 - 13,420,000 Net cash provided by financing activities 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 160,029,107 (8,708,735) 159,195,526 (8,561,023) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the years 356,875,004 365,763,405 351,883,915 360,621,159	Cash flows from (used in) financial activities				,	
Collection on share subscription receivable - 13,420,000 - 13,420,000 Net cash provided by financing activities 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 160,029,107 (8,708,735) 159,195,526 (8,561,023) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the years 356,875,004 365,763,405 351,883,915 360,621,159	Payments of lease liabilities		(31,047,536)	(29,501,413)	(31,047,536)	(29,501,413)
Net cash provided by financing activities 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 268,952,464 1,383,918,587 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 160,029,107 (8,708,735) 159,195,526 (8,561,023) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the years 356,875,004 365,763,405 351,883,915 360,621,159	Proceeds from Issuance of additional ordinary shares	21	300,000,000	1,400,000,000	300,000,000	1,400,000,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 160,029,107 (8,708,735) 159,195,526 (8,561,023) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the years 356,875,004 365,763,405 351,883,915 360,621,159	Collection on share subscription receivable			13,420,000	_	13,420,000
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the years 356,875,004 365,763,405 351,883,915 360,621,159	Net cash provided by financing activities		268,952,464	1,383,918,587	268,952,464	1,383,918,587
	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		160,029,107	(8,708,735)	159,195,526	(8,561,023)
450 DOL 450 DO	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the years		356,875,004	365,763,405	351,883,915	360,621,159
(Increase) decrease in allowance for expected credit losses 9,523 (179,666) 9,676 (176,221)	(Increase) decrease in allowance for expected credit losses		9,523	(179,666)	9,676	(176,221)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the years 516,913,634 356,875,004 511,089,117 351,883,915	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the years		516,913,634	356,875,004	511,089,117	351,883,915

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited and its subsidiary Table of contents for notes to financial statements For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020

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Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited and its subsidiary Table of contents for notes to financial statements (continued) For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020

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Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited Notes to financial statements For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020

1. General information

1.1 Corporate information

Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited (the "Company") was established as a public company under Thai laws and domiciled in Thailand. As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, major shareholder is Phillip Life Company Limited, which was incorporated in Singapore, holding 99.79% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company.

The Company is principally engaged in the provision of life insurance services. The registered office of the Company is located at No. 849, Vorawat Building, Silom Road, Silom Sub-district, Bangrak District, Bangkok. As of 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Company had altogether 24 branches.

1.2 The Coronavirus 2019 pandemic

The Coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic has resulted in an economic slowdown and impacts businesses and industries in various sectors. This situation may bring uncertainties and have an impact on the environment in which the business operates. The Company's management has continuously monitored ongoing developments and assessed the financial impact in respect of the valuation of assets, provisions and contingent liabilities, and has used estimates and judgement in respect of various issues as the situation has evolved.

2. Basis of preparation of financial information

2.1 Accounting assumption

The capital market volatilities and the fall of interest rates over the past several years poses difficulties for financial institutions. Adjustments are being made by companies to inject capital to meet prudent capital requirements as stipulated by the Office of the Insurance Commission ("the OIC"). The OIC had also temporarily lowered the minimum Capital Adequacy Ratio ("CAR") from 140% to 120% as from 31 December 2019 to 31 December 2021 under the Risk-Based Capital 2 Framework.

The Company is no exception having continuously increased its share capital whereby it increased totals of of Baht 300 million during 2021 and Baht 1,400 million during 2020 to meet the CAR's requirement, which caused its CAR as at 31 December 2021 to be at 156% (based on management report, not yet reviewed or audited by the Company's auditor). The Company still plans to increase additional capital to support the continuing situation of the persistent low interest rate and the business expansion and execute its long-term plan by readjusting its product and investment strategies to lower the risk charge and enhance a sustainable efficiency in its business operation.

These market circumstances indicate uncertainties, which are dependent upon the success in achieving its capital increase plan an improving its operating performance. The major shareholder has been very supportive of all past capital calls and has undertaken to provide more capital if necessary, to meet its growing policy commitments and regulatory capital requirements whereby the major shareholder stated in its letter dated 16 March 2022 that it will provide financial support to the Company to enable it to maintain the CAR of not lower than the minimum requirement as stipulated by the OIC.

With such plans, the Company's management believes that the Company would be able to operate an on-going business and these financial statements were therefore prepared under the going concern assumptions, with assets and liabilities carried on the basis that the Company will be able to realise assets and settle liabilities in the normal course of business.

2.2 Basis of preparation of financial information

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards enunciated under the Accounting Profession Act B.E. 2547, and in accordance with Thai accounting practices related to life insurance and the accounting and reporting guidelines prescribed by the Office of Insurance Commission, and their presentation has been in accordance with the format of financial statements specified in the Notification of the Office of Insurance Commission regarding criteria, procedures, terms and conditions for preparation and submission of financial statements and operating performance reports of life insurance companies (No. 2) B.E. 2562 dated 4 April 2019.

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except where otherwise disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements regarding a summary of significant accounting policies.

The financial statements in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the Company. The financial statements in English language have been translated from the financial statements in Thai language.

2.3 Basis of consolidation

(a) The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Phillip Life Assurance Public Company Limited ("the Company") and the following subsidiary (collectively called "the Group").

		Country of			
Company's name	Nature of business	incorporation	Percentage of shareholding		
			31 December	31 December	
			2021	2020	
			(Percent)	(Percent)	
Phillip Insurance Broker	Non-life insurance broker	Thailand	99.88	99.88	
Company Limited					

- (b) Subsidiary is fully consolidated, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases.
- (c) The financial statements of the subsidiary are prepared using the same significant accounting policies as the Company.
- (d) Material balances and transactions between the Group have been eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.
- (e) Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets of the subsidiary that are not held by the Company and are presented separately in the consolidated profit or loss and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position.

2.4 Separate financial statements

The Company has prepared its separate financial statements, which have presented investment in a subsidiary under the equity method.

2.5 New financial reporting standards

(a) Financial reporting standards that became effective in the current period

During the year, the Federation of Accounting Professions issued a number of revised financial reporting standards and interpretations, which are effective for fiscal year beginning on or after 1 January 2021. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and providing accounting guidance for users of the standards. Hence, the adoption of these standards does not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

(b) Financial reporting standards that became effective for fiscal year beginning on or after1 January 2022

The Federation of Accounting Professions issued a number of revised financial reporting standards, which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2022. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and, for some standards, providing temporary reliefs or temporary exemptions for users. The management of the Group believes that adoption of these amendments will not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

3.1 Product classification

The Group classifies an insurance contract and a reinsurance contract based on the nature of an insurance contract. Insurance contracts are those contracts where the insurer has accepted significant insurance risk from another party (the policyholder) by agreeing to compensate the policyholder if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the policyholder. To determine whether a significant insurance risk has been accepted, the insurer compares the benefits payable after an insured event with the benefits payable if the insured event does not occur. If the above criteria are not met, the Group classifies the insurance contract as an investment contract. An investment contract is the contract that has the legal form of an insurance contract and transfers financial risk to the insurer, but not a significant level of insurance risk. Financial risk is, for example, interest rate risk, exchange rate risk, or price risk.

The Group classifies contracts based on an assessment of a significant level of the insurance risk at an inception of a contract on a contract-by-contract basis. Once a contract is classified as an insurance contract, it will continue to be an insurance contract until its rights and obligations are terminated or expire. If any contract is classified as an investment contract at an inception of the contract, it can later be reclassified to be an insurance contract if the insurance risk becomes significant.

Insurance and investment contracts may contain a feature of either with or without a discretionary participation feature ("DPF"). DPF is a contractual right to receive, as a supplement to guaranteed benefits, additional benefits that are likely to be a significant portion of the total contractual benefits, the amount or timing of which is contractually at the discretion of the insurance contract issuer, with the benefits based on the performance of a specified pool of contracts, or realised and/or unrealised investment returns on a specified pool of assets held by the issuer, or the profit or loss of a company, a fund or other entity that issues the contract.

3.2 Revenue recognition

(a) Premium written

For the first-year policies, premium written after net of premium ceded and refund, is recognised as revenue on the effective date of the insurance policies. For renewal policies, it is recognised as revenue when the premium is due, and the policy is still in force at the end of reporting periods.

(b) Commission and brokerage income

Commission and brokerage income from ceded premium are recognised as income when incurred.

(c) Net investment revenues

Net investment revenues are investment revenues net of investment expenses. Investment expenses consist of management fee and relevant bank charges.

Investment revenues consist of interest and dividend income.

Interest income

Interest income is calculated using the effective interest method and recognised on an accrual basis. The effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, unless the financial assets subsequently become credit-impaired when it is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (net of the expected credit losses allowance).

Dividend income

Dividends on investments are recognised as revenues when the right to receive the dividends is established.

(d) Gains (losses) on investments

Gains or losses on investments are recognised as revenues or expenses on the transaction dates.

(e) Fair value gains (losses)

Fair value gains (losses) consist of gains (losses) from the change in fair value of financial instrument and gains (losses) from exchange rate. The Company recognises in profit or loss on the fair value measurement date.

3.3 Expense recognition

(a) Premium ceded to reinsurers

Premium ceded to reinsurers recognised as expenses when the insurance risk is transferred to another reinsurer.

(b) Benefit payments under life policies

Benefit payments under life policies are recorded when notices of claims have been received or when benefits are due in accordance with conditions in policies.

(c) Gross claims

Gross claims consist of insurance claims and losses adjustment expenses for incurred claims whether reported or not, which represent the claim amount and related expenses, and loss adjustments of the current and prior years incurred during the years and are deducted by relevant claims refundable from reinsurers.

Gross claims are recognised upon the receipt of the claims advice from the insured, based on the claims notified by the insured and estimates made by the Company's management. The maximum value of claims estimated is not to exceed the sum insured under the relevant policy.

(d) Commission and brokerage expenses

Commissions and brokerages are expended when incurred.

(e) Other underwriting and operating expenses

Other underwriting and operating expenses are recognised as expenses on an accrual basis.

(f) Finance costs

Interest expense from financial liabilities at amortised cost is calculated using the effective interest method and recognised on an accrual basis.

3.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and at bank, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less and not subject to withdrawal restrictions.

3.5 Premium receivables

Premium receivables are stated at the net realisable value. The Group sets up an allowance for doubtful accounts based on the estimated loss that may incur in collection of the premium receivables. The allowance is generally based on collection experience and a review of current status of the premium receivables as at the end of the reporting periods.

For ordinary policies, the grace period is 45 days after the due date. In case of policies having overdue periods after the grace period allowed and their cash value being in excess of overdue premium receivables, such overdue premium receivables will be settled under the conditions of the automatic policy loans.

3.6 Reinsurance assets

Reinsurance assets are stated at the amounts of insurance reserves refundable from reinsurers, which consist of (a) loss reserves and (b) unearned premium reserves that are estimated based on related reinsurance contracts in accordance with insurance reserve calculation law.

The Group sets up an allowance for impairment, of reinsurance assets based on losses that may be incurred due to irrecoverable, taking into account collection experience, aged of balance, and the status of receivables from reinsurers as at the end of the reporting periods. Increase (decrease) in an allowance for impairment is recorded as an increase (a decrease) to expenses during the years in profit or loss.

3.7 Reinsurance receivables and payables

(a) Reinsurance receivables

Reinsurance receivables are stated at the outstanding balances of amounts due from reinsurers net of allowance for doubtful accounts (if any).

Amounts due from reinsurers consist of accrued commission and brokerage income, claims and various other items receivable from reinsurers, excluding reinsurance premium receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts. The Group records allowance for doubtful accounts for the estimated losses that may be incurred due to inability to make collection, taking into account collection experience and the status of receivables from reinsurers as at the end of the reporting periods.

(b) Reinsurance payables

Reinsurance payables are stated at the outstanding balances of payables due to reinsurers.

Reinsurance payables consist of reinsurance premiums payable and other items payable to reinsurers, excluding accruals and reserves relating to claims.

The Group presents net of reinsurance receivable and payable of the same entity (amounts due from or to reinsurers) when the following criteria for offsetting are met.

- (1) The Group has a legal right to offset amounts presented in the statements of financial position, and
- (2) The Group intends to receive or pay the net amount recognised in the statements of financial position, or to realise the asset at the same time as it pays the liability.

3.8 Financial instruments

(a) Classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities

Investments in securities

Trading investments measured at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value whereby changes in fair value of these investments are recorded in profit or loss.

Available-for-sale investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are stated at fair value whereby changes in fair value of these investments are recorded in other comprehensive income or loss and will be recorded in profit or loss when the investments are disposed.

Investments measured at amortised cost are stated at amortised cost whereby premium/discount on the investments is amortised/accreted by the effective rate method with the amortised/accreted amount presented as an adjustment to the interest income.

The fair value of marketable securities is based on the latest bid price of the last working day of the years as quoted on the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The fair value of debt securities is determined based on the yield rates quoted by the Thai Bond Market Association. The fair value of non-listed unit trusts is determined from their net asset value as announced by the fund managers. The fair value of non-marketable equity securities is determined using generally accepted pricing model or approximated to their net book value if the fair value cannot be reliably estimated.

Loans and interest receivables

Loans and interest receivables are stated at amortised cost and net of allowance for expected credit losses.

Financial liabilities

At initial recognition, the Group's financial liabilities are recognised at fair value net of transaction costs and classified as liabilities to be subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. In determining amortised cost, the Group takes into account any fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

(b) Impairment of financial assets

Debt securities

The Group recognises expected credit losses on its financial assets measured at amortised cost and financial assets that are debt securities classified as available-for-sale investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (excluding unit trusts), without requiring a credit-impaired event to have occurred prior to the recognition. The Group accounts for changes in credit risk in stages, with differing methods of determining allowance for expected credit losses at each stage.

Equity securities (including unit trusts) classified as available-for-sale investments

Losses on impairment of investments in equity instruments and unit trusts classified as available-for-sale investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised immediately in profit or loss when there is an objective evidence of impairment, determined on the basis of evidence that indicates the cost of investment may not be recovered and there is a significant or prolonged decline in fair value of investments to below its costs.

(c) Derecognition of financial instruments

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or have been transferred and either the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset or the Group has transferred control of the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

(d) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.9 Investment assets of the insured

Investment assets of the insured represent investments in securities under insurance contracts of which the policyholders are responsible for risks and rewards from changes in the fair value of such assets, for example, unit-linked investment plans. The Group measures an asset initially at cost which is equal to the fair value of consideration paid plus cost of the transactions which is measured subsequently at fair values. Any gain (loss) from revaluation of the fair value will be recognised as investment contract liabilities during the period of occurrence.

3.10 Investment in a subsidiary

Investments in a subsidiary as presented in the separate financial statements is recorded initially at cost and adjusted to reflect the proportionate share of the subsidiary's operating results and is deducted by dividend income.

3.11 Premises and equipment and depreciation

Land is stated at cost. Buildings and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and allowance for impairment (if any).

Depreciation of buildings and equipment is calculated by reference to their costs on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives.

Buildings - 20 years
Building improvements - 5 years
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment - 5 years
Computers - 5 years
Motor vehicles - 5 years

Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss and no depreciation is provided on land and work in process.

An item of premises and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of an asset is included in profit or loss from operation when the asset is derecognised.

3.12 Intangible assets and amortisation

Intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and allowance for impairment (if any).

Intangible assets with finite life are amortised on a straight-line basis over the economic useful life and tested for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method of such intangible asset are reviewed at least at each financial year end. The amortisation expense is charged to profit or loss.

The useful life of intangible assets with finite useful life, which is computer software, is 5 years.

3.13 Leases

At inception of contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. At the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use), the Company recognises right-of-use assets representing the right to use underlying assets and lease liabilities based on lease payments.

(a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation, allowance for impairment, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities initially recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date of the lease, and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located less any lease incentives received.

Depreciation of right-of-use assets is calculated by reference to their costs on the straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives and the lease terms.

Buildings

3 years

Motor vehicles

· 2 years

If ownership of the leased asset is transferred to the Group at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

(b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees. Moreover, the lease payments include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

The Group determines the present value of the lease payments, discounted by the interest rate implicit in the lease or the Group's incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

(c) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

A lease that has a lease term less than or equal to 12 months from commencement date or a lease of low-value assets is recognised as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3.14 Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group performs impairment reviews in respect of the premises and equipment, right-of-use assets, or other intangible assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset may be impaired. An impairment loss is recognised when the recoverable amount of an asset, which is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use, is less than the carrying amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

3.15 Insurance contract liabilities

(a) Long-term life insurance policy reserves

Long-term life insurance policy reserves represent the accumulated total liability for policies in force as at the end of the reporting periods. The Group calculates these reserves, using an actuarial method as prescribed by the OIC in its 2015 Notification regarding determination of types of capital, together with the guidelines, procedures and conditions for calculating capital of life insurance companies, which indicates that reserves under long-term policies are determined using the gross premium valuation ("GPV") method as referred to in the OIC's 2011 Notification regarding valuation of assets and liabilities of life insurance companies. Key assumptions used are lapse rates or surrender rates, selling and administrative expenses, mortality and morbidity rates, discount rates and non-guaranteed dividend rates, etc.

(b) Loss reserves

Loss reserves consisted of outstanding claims and loss reserves. Outstanding claims are recorded at the amount to be actually paid. Loss reserves are provided upon receipt of claim advices from the insured based on the claims notified by the insured and estimates made by the Group's management. The maximum value of claims estimate is not exceeding the sum insured under the relevant policy.

Loss reserves are calculated using the actuarial method and are the best estimates of claims expected to pay to the insured in the future for losses incurred on or before the reporting dates both reported and not yet reported to the Group and also include loss adjustment expenses. If the then-calculated loss reserves are higher than the amount already recognised in the accounts, such difference is recognised as incurred but not yet reported ("IBNR") loss reserves.

(c) Premium reserves

As at the end of each reporting period, the Group compares the amounts of unexpired risk reserves with unearned premium reserves, and if unexpired risk reserves are higher than unearned premium reserves, the difference is recognised as unexpired risk reserves in the financial statements.

(1) Unearned premium reserves

Unearned premium reserves are set aside on net premium written at the daily average basis over the coverage period of each policy.

(2) Unexpired risk reserves

Unexpired risk reserves are the amounts set aside for claims, which may occur in the future, of the in-force policies. Unexpired risk reserves are determined using an actuarial method. The reserves are determined using the best estimates of the claims, which are expected to occur during the remaining coverage period, with reference to its historical claim data.

However, the increase or decrease in unearned premium reserves from prior year is to be recognised in profit or loss.

(d) Unpaid policy benefits

Unpaid policy benefits are recorded when notices of the claims are received or when conditions in the policy are met.

3.16 Investment contract liabilities

Investment contract liabilities represent provisional liabilities under insurance contracts of which the policyholders are responsible for risks and rewards from changes in the fair value of such assets. The Group measures an asset initially at cost, which is equal to the fair value of consideration paid plus cost of the transaction which is measured subsequently at fair value.

3.17 Employee benefits

(a) Short-term employee benefits

Salaries, wages, bonuses and contributions to the social security fund are recognised as expenses when incurred.

(b) Post-employment benefits and other long-term employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

The Group and its employees have jointly established a provident fund. The fund is monthly contributed by employees and by the Group. The fund's assets are held in a separate trust fund and the Group's contributions are recognised as expenses when incurred.

Defined benefit plans and other long-term employee benefits

The Group has obligations in respect of the severance payments they must make to employees upon retirement under labour law and other employee benefit plans. The Group treats these severance payment obligations as a defined benefit plan. In addition, the Group also provides other long-term employee benefit plan, namely long service awards, to its employee.

The obligations under the defined benefit plan and other long-term employee benefit plan are determined by a professionally qualified independent actuary based on actuarial techniques, using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the defined benefit plan are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income or loss and directly charged against retained earnings.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from other long-term employee benefit plan are recognised immediately in profit and loss.

3.18 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions for liabilities are recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

3.19 Income taxes

Income tax expenses represent the sum of corporate income taxes currently payable and deferred income taxes.

(a) Current income taxes

Current income taxes are provided in the accounts at the amount expected to be paid to the taxation authorities, based on taxable profits determined in accordance with tax legislation.

(b) Deferred income taxes

Deferred income taxes are provided on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts at the end of each reporting period, using the tax rates enacted at the end of the reporting periods.

The Group recognises deferred tax liabilities for all taxable temporary differences while they recognise deferred tax assets for all deductible temporary differences and tax losses brought forward to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which such deductible temporary differences and tax losses brought forward can be utilised.

At each reporting date, the Group reviews and reduce the carrying amount of deferred tax assets to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilised.

The Group records deferred taxes directly to owners' equity if the taxes relate to items that are recorded directly to owners' equity.

3.20 Related party transactions

Related parties comprise enterprises and individuals that control, or are controlled by, the Group, whether directly or indirectly, or which are under common control with the Group.

They also include individuals which directly or indirectly own a voting interest in the Group that gives them significant influence over the Group, key management personnel, directors, and officers with authority in the planning and direction of the Group's operations.

3.21 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between buyer and seller (market participants) at the measurement date. The Group applies a quoted market price in an active market to measure its assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value by relevant financial reporting standards, except in case there is no active market of an identical asset or liability or when a quoted market price is not available, the Group measures fair value using valuation technique that are appropriate in the circumstances and maximise the use of relevant observable inputs related to assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy into three levels based on categories of input to be used in fair value measurement as follows:

- Level 1 Use of quoted market prices in an observable active market for such assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Use of other observable inputs for such assets or liabilities, whether directly or indirectly
- Level 3 Use of unobservable inputs such as estimates of future cash flows

At the end of each reporting period, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels within the fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities held at the end of the reporting periods that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

4. Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with financial reporting standards at times requires management to make subjective judgements and estimates regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgements and estimates affect reported amounts and disclosures, and actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant judgements and estimates are as follows:

4.1 Fair value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of financial instruments recognised in the statements of financial position that are not actively traded and for which quoted market prices are not readily available, the management exercises judgement, using a variety of valuation techniques and models. The input to these models is taken from observable markets and includes consideration of credit risk (the Group and counterparty, both) liquidity, correlation and longer-term volatility of financial instruments. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the fair value recognised in the statements of financial position and the fair value reported in disclosures of fair value hierarchy.

4.2 Allowance for doubtful accounts/Allowance for impairment

In determining allowances for doubtful accounts and impairment on premium receivables, reinsurance assets and reinsurance receivables, the management needs to make judgment and estimates based upon, among other things, past collection history, aging profile of outstanding debts and the prevailing economic condition.

4.3 Allowance for impairment on equity instruments and unit trusts

The Group treats equity instruments and unit trusts classified as available-for-sale investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income as impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below their cost or where other objective evidence of impairment exists. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgment of the management.

4.4 Allowances for expected credit losses of financial assets

The management is required to use judgement in estimating allowance for expected credit losses for financial assets. The Group's calculation of allowance for expected credit losses depends on the criteria used for assessment of a significant increase in credit risk, the development of a model, the risk that collateral value cannot be realised, the probability of debt collection and the selection of the forecasted macroeconomic data inputs used in the model. The use of different estimates and assumptions could affect the amount of the allowance for credit losses and, therefore, the allowance may need to be adjusted in the future.

4.5 Allowance for impairment of non-financial assets

In determining allowance for impairment of a non-financial asset, the management is required to exercise judgements regarding determination of the recoverable amount of the asset, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The fair value less costs of disposal calculation is based on available data from binding sales transactions, conducted at arm's length, for similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs of disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a discounted cash flow model. The cash flows are derived from the budget for the future and do not include restructuring activities that the Group is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the performance of the assets of the cash-generating unit being tested. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the discounted cash flow model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used in the forecasts.

4.6 Premises and equipment and depreciation

In determining depreciation of buildings and equipment, the management is required to make estimates of the useful lives and residual values of the building and equipment, include disused assets, and to review estimate useful lives and residual values when there are any changes.

In addition, the management is required to review premises and equipment for impairment on a periodical basis and record impairment losses in profit or loss when it is determined that their recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount. This requires judgements regarding forecast of future revenues and expenses relating to the assets subject to the review.

4.7 Intangible assets and amortisation

The initial recognition and measurement of intangible assets, and subsequent impairment testing, require management to make estimates of cash flows to be generated by the asset or the cash generating units and to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

4.8 Leases

In determining the lease term, the management is required to exercise judgement in assessing whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the option to extend or terminate the lease considering all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Group to exercise either the extension or termination option.

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, the management is required to exercise judgement in estimating its incremental borrowing rate to discount lease liabilities. The incremental borrowing rate is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

4.9 Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences and losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of estimate future taxable profits.

4.10 Long-term insurance policy reserves

Long-term insurance policy reserves are life policy reserves, which are calculated using the actuarial method based on the current assumptions or assumptions determined on the policy inception dates, which reflect the best estimate at that time. The key assumptions used are policy surrender rates or lapse rates, selling and administrative expenses, mortality rates, morbidity rates, discount rates, non-guaranteed dividend rates and so on. However, the use of different assumptions could affect the amount of life policy reserves and adjustments to the reserve may therefore be required in the future.

4.11 Loss reserves

At each reporting period, the Company is required to estimate loss reserves taking into account two parts. These are the claims incurred and already reported and the claims incurred but not yet reported (IBNR). The estimation is made using the actuarial techniques and the key assumptions used relate to historical experience, including the development of claims estimates, paid and incurred losses, average costs per claim and claim numbers, etc. Nevertheless, such estimates are forecasts of future outcomes, and actual claims could differ.

4.12 Unexpired risk reserves

Unexpired risk reserves are calculated using an actuarial method, based on the best estimate of the claims expected to be paid over the remaining terms of the insurance. Estimating the reserves require management to exercise judgment, with reference to historical data and the best estimates available at the time.

4.13 Employee benefit obligations and other long-term employee benefits

Employee benefit obligations and other long-term employee benefits are determined based on actuarial techniques. Such determination is made based on various assumptions, including discount rates, future salary incremental rates, mortality rates, staff turnover rates and so on. However, actual outcome could differ from the estimates.

4.14 Litigation

The Group has contingent liabilities as a result of litigation. The Group's management has used judgement to assess of the results of the litigation and believes that no loss will result. Therefore, no contingent liabilities are recorded as at the end of reporting period.

4.15 Recognition and derecognition of assets and liabilities

In considering whether to recognise or to derecognise assets or liabilities, the management is required to make judgement on whether significant risk and rewards of those assets or liabilities have been transferred, based on their best knowledge of the current events and arrangements.

5. Cash and cash equivalents

Consolidated Separate financial statements financial statements 31 December 31 December 31 December 31 December 2021 2020 2021 2020 Cash on hand 284 743 284 743 Deposits at banks with no fixed maturity date 456,846 356,311 451,018 351,317 Investment with a maturity period of less than 3 months 59,973 59,973 Total cash and cash equivalents 517,103 357,054 511,275 352,060 Less: Allowance for expected credit losses (189)(179)(186)(176)356,875 516,914 351,884 511,089 Cash and cash equivalents - net

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, bank deposits in saving accounts and short-term investments carried interests in a range between 0.05 - 0.41 percent per annum and 0.05 - 0.42 percent per annum, respectively.

6. Premium receivables

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the outstanding balances of premium receivables, classified by overdue periods, counted from the grace-period due dates, were as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate financial statements

,	
31 December 2021	31 December 2020
195,752	163,288
3	2,369
-	-
1	13
5,906	6,065
201,662	171,735
. (5,870)	(6,032)
195,792	165,703
	195,752 3 - 1 5,906 201,662 . (5,870)

For insurance policies with individuals, the grace periods are 30 - 60 days after the due dates. For overdue insurance policies having a cash value greater than the amounts of overdue premium receivables, the overdone premium receivables will be automatically settled under the conditions of the automatic policy loans.

7. Reinsurance assets

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, reinsurance assets consisted of reserves refundable from reinsurers as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Consolidated and separate

	financial statements			
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020		
Insurance reserve refundable from reinsurers				
Unearned premium reserves	7,910	32,578		
Unexpired risk reserves	299	1,180		
Loss reserves				
Claims incurred and reported	269	38,580		
Claims incurred but not yet reported	123	31,927		
Reinsurance assets	8,601	104,265		

8. Reinsurance receivables

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, reinsurance receivables consisted of the following:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate

	•
financial statements	
31 December 2021	31 December 2020
5,911	128,988
5,911	128,988
	31 December 2021 5,911

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the balances of amounts due from reinsurers were classified by overdue periods as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate

financial statements

31 Decer 2021	mber
2021	2020
	2020
5,911	. 128,988
5.911	128,988
-	5,911

9. Investments in securities

9.1 Classified by investment type

	Consolidated and separate financial statements						
•	31 Decemb	ber 2021	31 Decemb	per 2020			
•	Cost/		Cost/				
	Amortised cost	Fair value	Amortised cost	Fair value			
		•					
Trading investments measured at fair							
value through profit or loss							
Domestic unit trusts	3,265,951	3,457,912	2,766,756	2,888,774			
Foreign unit trusts	611,091	662,619	376,735	371,778			
Total	3,877,042	4,120,531	3,143,491	3,260,552			
Add (less): Revaluation allowance							
from fair value measurement	191,451		120,782				
from translation of foreign currencies	52,038	· ·	(3,721)				
Total revaluation allowance	243,489		117,061	·			
Trading investments measured at fair							
value through profit or loss - net	4,120,531		3,260,552				
Available-for-sale investments		•					
measured at fair value through other							
comprehensive income							
Government and state enterprise securities	1,992,011	2,026,196	2,053,802	2,236,254			
Private sector debt securities	2,807,180	2,867,378	3,229,415	3,349,822			
Domestic common stocks	453,644	505,829	284,148	304,166			
Foreign common stocks	1,386,731	2,060,621	1,340,417	1,604,032			
Domestic unit trusts	860,974	818,191	844,484	737,677			
Foreign unit trusts	227,015	260,623	220,905	231,511			
Total	7,727,555	8,538,838	7,973,171	8,463,462			
Add (less): Revaluation allowance							
from fair value measurement	812,840		687,865				
from translation of foreign currencies	110,345	•	(77,634)				
Total revaluation allowance	923,185		610,231	•			
Less: Allowance for impairment	(18,872)		(26,837)				
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(93,030)		(93,103)				
Available-for-sale investments measured a	t						
fair value through other comprehensive							
income - net	8,538,838		8,463,462				

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated :	and separate	financial statements
----------------	--------------	----------------------

	31 Decemb	ber 2021	31 December 2020		
	Cost/		Cost/		
	Amortised cost	Fair value	Amortised cost	Fair value	
investments measured at amortised		•			
cost					
Deposits at financial institutions with a					
maturity period of longer than 3 months	20,170		10,000		
Less: Allowance for expected credit					
losses					
Investments measured at amortised cost					
- net	20,170		10,000		
Investments in securities - net	12,679,539		11,734,014		

9.2 Classified by staging of credit risk

	Consolidated and separate financial statements						
	31 Decen	nber 2021	31 Decer	mber 2020			
		Allowance for		Allowance for			
		expected credit		expected credit			
	Fair value	losses	Fair value	losses			
Available-for-sale investments			-				
measured at fair value through							
other comprehensive income							
Stage 1 - Debt securities without a							
significant increase of credit risk	5,073,277	(3,950)	5,714,723	(2,720)			
Stage 2 - Debt securities with a							
significant increase of credit risk	-	.	22,454	(793)			
Stage 3 - Credit-impaired debt		·					
securities	80,920	(89,080)	80,410	(89,590)			
Total	5,154,197	(93,030)	5,817,587	(93,103)			

	Consolidated and separate financial statements						
	31 December 2021						
	Allowance for						
	Gross	expected credit	Net				
	carrying value	losses	carrying value				
Investments measured at amortised cost							
Stage 1 - Debt securities without a significant							
increase of credit risk	20,170		20,170				
Total	20,170	-	20,170				
			(Unit: Thousand Baht)				
	Consolidate	d and separate financi	al statements				
		31 December 2020					
		Allowance for					
	Gross	expected credit	· Net				
•	carrying value	losses	carrying value				
Investments measured at amortised cost							
Stage 1 - Debt securities without a significant							
increase of credit risk	10,000	-	10,000				
Total	10,000	_	10,000				

9.3 Classified by remaining periods of debt instruments

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, investments in debt instruments had the following remaining periods to maturity.

	Consolidated and separate financial statements						
	31 December 2021						
	Pe	eriods to maturit	у				
		1	Over 5	,			
	1 year	1 - 5 years	years	Unspecified	Total		
Available-for-sale investments							
measured at fair value through other							
comprehensive income							
Government and state enterprise securities	378,184	370,173	1,243,654	-	1,992,011		
Private sector debt securities	240,914	953,864	1,612,402	•	2,807,180		
Foreign unit trusts	-	-		227,015	227,015		
Total	619,098	1,324,037	2,856,056	227,015	5,026,206		
Add: Revaluation allowance	6,358	91,613	89,442	33,608	221,021		
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(16,033)	(17,814)	(59,183)		(93,030)		
Available-for-sale investments measured at							
fair value through other comprehensive		٠			,		
income - net	609,423	1,397,836	2,886,315	260,623	5,154,197		
Held-to-maturity investments measured							
at amortised cost							
Deposits at financial institutions with a					•		
maturity period of longer than 3 months	20,170		-	-	20,170		
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses							
Investments measured at amortised cost - net	20,170		***	· ·	20,170		

Consolidated and separate financial statements

	31 December 2020						
	Pe	eriods to maturit	у				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Over 5				
_	1 year	1 - 5 years	years	Unspecified	Total		
Available-for-sale investments	•	•					
measured at fair value through other							
comprehensive income							
Government and state enterprise securities	170,605	621,275	1,261,922		2,053,802		
Private sector debt securities	305,026	935,281	1,989,108	-	3,229,415		
Foreign unit trusts	-			220,905	220,905		
Total	475,631	1,556,556	3,251,030	220,905	5,504,122		
Add: Revaluation allowance	5,623	125,612	264,727	10,606	406,568		
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(166)	(33,808)	(59,129)		(93,103)		
Available-for-sale investments measured at				,			
fair value through other comprehensive							
income - net	481,088	1,648,360	3,456,628	231,511	5,817,587		
Investments measured at amortised	•						
cost							
Deposits at financial institutions with a							
maturity period of longer than 3 months	10,000	₩	-	_	10,000		
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	-		_	**			
Investments measured at amortised cost - net	10,000	-	_	-	10,000		

9.4 Fair values of investments in debt instruments

As the Group adopted Accounting Guidance related to financial instruments and disclosures applicable for insurance business, the Group is not required to take into consideration its business model and the characteristics of the contractual cash flows to classify and measure financial assets in accordance with TFRS 9. However, if the debt financial assets have been classified and measured in accordance with TFRS 9, the impacts were presented as follows:

	Consolidated and separate financial statements					
	31 December 2021					
	The contractu	al terms of the	The contractu	al terms of the		
	financial asse	et give rise on	financial asse	et give rise on		
	specified dates t	o cash flows that	specified dates t	o cash flows that		
	are not solely	payments of	are solely paym	ents of principal		
	principal and	interest on the	and interest o	n the principal		
	principal amou	unt outstanding	amount o	utstanding		
		Changes in fair		Changes in fair		
	•	value during		value during		
	Fair value	the year	Fair value	the year		
Available-for-sale investments						
measured at fair value through						
other comprehensive income		•				
Government and state enterprise						
securities	-	-	2,026,196	(133,428)		
Private enterprise securities	-	-	2,867,378	(59,413)		
Foreign unit trusts	260,623	23,002	-	-		
Investments measured at						
amortised cost						
Deposits at financial institutions with						
a maturity period of longer than		•	·			
3 months			20,170	_		
Total	260,623	23,002	4,913,744	(192,841)		

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and Separate financial statements

	·31 December 2020						
	The contractu	al terms of the	The contractual terms of the				
	financial ass	et give rise on	financial asse	financial asset give rise on			
	specified dates t	to cash flows that	specified dates to	cash flows that			
•	are not solely	y payments of	are solely paymo	ents of principal			
	principal and	interest on the	and interest or	n the principal			
	principal amo	unt outstanding	amount ou	ıtstanding			
		Changes in fair		Changes in fair			
		value during	·	value during			
	Fair value	the year	Fair value	the year			
Available-for-sale investments							
measured at fair value through							
other comprehensive income							
Government and state enterprise							
securities	-	-	2,236,254	13,711			
Private enterprise securities	*	-	3,349,822	(195,808)			
Foreign unit trusts	231,511	5,393	-				
Investments measured at							
amortised cost							
Deposits at financial institutions with							
a maturity period of longer than			,				
3 months	-		10,000	-			
Total	231,511	5,393	5,596,076	(182,097)			

9.5 Investments subject to restrictions

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group placed certain assets as securities and insurance reserves as described below.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated and separate financial statements					
	31 Decem	ber 2021	31 December 2020			
	Amortised cost Fair value		Amortised cost	Fair value		
Placed with the Life Assurance F	Registrar:			•		
As securities	22,705	23,170	20,231	20,641		
As life insurance reserves	2,402,292	2,481,417	2,234,019	2,473,041		
Total	2,424,997	2,504,587	2,254,250	2,493,682		
Placed with bank:						
As securities	20,170	20,170	10,000	10,000		

9.6 Revaluation surplus on available-for-sale investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate financial statements

	For the year ended 31 December		
_	2021	2020	
		·	
Balances at beginning of the years	687,865	641,824	
Gains (losses) on revaluation during the years	251,927	(107,375)	
Recognition (reversal) of expected credit losses in profit or loss	(73)	89,805	
Recognition (reversal) of impairment loss in profit or loss	(7,965)	2,426	
Recognition of (gains) losses on disposals in profit or loss	. (118,903)	61,185	
Balances at end of the years	812,851	687,865	
Less: Income taxes	(162,570)	(137,573)	
Balances at end of the years - net of income taxes	650,281	550,292	

Loans and interest receivables

10.1 Loans and interest receivables classified by overdue periods

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the balances of loans and interest receivables classified by overdue periods of principal and interest receivables were as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

			C	onsolidated an	d separate fina	ancial statemen	ts			
	31 December 2021									
	Policy	/ loans	Mortgag	ge loans	Other	loans		Total		
•		Interest		Interest		Interest		Interest		
Overdue periods	Principal	receivables	Principal	receivables	Principal	receivables	Principal	receivables	Total	
Notice des	500 740	40.400	05.000	504	50		004.000	40.700		
Not yet due	538,713	16,128	65,868	594	58	•	604,639	16,722	621,361	
Past due										
Less than 3 months	-	-	12,455	5	~	-	12,455	5	12,460	
3 - 6 months		-	31,303	356		-	31,303	356	31,659	
6 - 12 months	-	-	213	20	-	-	213	20	233	
Over 12 months	_		463,269	64,197			463,269	64,197	527,466	
Total	538,713	16,128	573,108	65,172	58	_	1,111,879	81,300	1,193,179	
Less: Allowance for										
expected credit losses	_	-	(262,133)	(29,486)			(262,133)	(29,486)	(291,619)	
Loans and Interest										
receivables - net	538,713	16,128	310,975	35,686	58	-	849,746	51,814	901,560	

Consolidated and	separate	manciai	Statements

				31	December 2	020			
·	. Polic	y loans	Mortga	ge loans	Other loans			Total	
		Interest		Interest		Interest		Interest	
Overdue periods	Principal	receivables	Principal	receivables	Principal	receivables	Principal	receivables	Total
Not yet due	557,190	16,358	332,555	1,228	83	-	889,828	17,586	907,414
Past due									
Less than 3 months	•	-	27,177	1,503	•	-	27,177	1,503	28,680
3 - 6 months	•	-	-	-	•	-		-	•
6 - 12 months	-	bre	1,878	. 40	٠ -		1,878	40	1,918
Over 12 months	-		471,369	29,819	-	<u> </u>	471,369	29,819	501,188
Total	557,190	16,358	832,979	32,590	83	-	1,390,252	48,948	1,439,200
Less: Allowance for									
expected credit losses	-		(216,611)	(31,131)			(216,611)	(31,131)	(247,742)
Loans and interest					•				
receivables - net	557,190	16,358	616,368	1,459	83	-	1,173,641	17,817	1,191,458

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, mortgage loans were loans provided to agents, employees and external individuals on which interest was charged at the rates 5 to 19 percent per annum, respectively. Collateral used to secure such loans comprised land and buildings.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, other loans were loans provided to employees and agents, which were guaranteed by personal guarantees or motor vehicles and on which interest was charged at the rates 7 percent per annum, respectively.

10.2 Loans and interest receivables classified by staging of credit risk

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the balances of loans and interest receivables (excluding policy loans and interest receivables), classified by staging of credit risk were as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated and separate financial statements									
		30 December 2021								
	Mortga	ge loans	Other loans		Total					
		Interest		Interest		Interest				
Staging of credit risk	Principal	receivables	Principal	receivables	Principal	recelvables	Total			
				•						
Stage 1 - Loans without a significant										
increase of credit risk	51,742	-	58	-	51,800	•	51,800			
Stage 2 - Loans with significant increases	i									
of credit risk	17,927	594	-	-	17,927	. 594	18,521			
Stage 3 - Credit-impaired loans	503,439	64,578	-		503,439	64,578	568,017			
Total	573,108	65,172	58	-	573,166	65,172	638,338			
Less: Allowance for expected credit										
losses	(262,133)	(29,486)			(262,133)	(29,486)	(291,619)			
Loans and interest receivables - net	310,975	35,686	58		311,033	35,686	346,719			

	Consolidated and separate financial statements									
		31 December 2020								
	Mortga	ge ļoans	Othe	r ļoans		Total				
Staging of credit risk	Principal	Interest receivables	Principal	Interest receivables	Principal	Interest receivables	Total			
Stage 1 - Loans without a significant										
increase of credit risk	334,086	1,231	83	, -	334,169	1,231	335,400			
Stage 2 - Loans with significant increases										
of credit risk	10,197	365	•	-	10,197	365	10,562			
Stage 3 - Credit-impaired loans	488,696	30,994			488,696	30,994	519,690			
Total	832,979	32,590	83	-	833,062	32,590	865,652			
Less: Allowance for expected credit				•						
losses	(216,611)	(31,131)			(216,611)	(31,131)	(247,742)			
Loans and interest receivables - net	616,368	1,459	83	-	616,451	1,459	617,910			

11. Investment in a subsidiary

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, detail of investment in a subsidiary, as presented in the separate financial statements, was as follows:

									(Unit: Th	iousand Baht)
	Type of	Country of	Issued and	paid-up					Carrying va	lue under
Company's name	business	incorporation	share c	apilal	Shareholdin	g percentage	Cos		equity m	elhod
		_	31 Dece	mber	31 Dec	ember	31 Dece	mber	31 Dece	ember
		_	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
	•				(%)	(%)				
Phillip Insurance Broker	Non-life insurance	Thailand								•
Company Limited	broker		5,000	5,000	99.88	99,88	4,994	4,994	5,197	5,065
Total investment in a sui	osidiary					•	4,994	4,994	5,197	5,065

The Company recognised share of profit or loss from investment in a subsidiary in its separate financial statements under the equity method, based on the subsidiary's financial statements, prepared by the management but not yet reviewed or audited by its auditor.

12. Premises and equipment

	Consolidated and separate financial statements							
		building	Furniture, fixtures	Computers	Motor Vehicles	Assets In progress	Idle assets	Total
	Land	improvements	equipment	Computers	Actificies	— III progress		10(4)
Cost				50.000	7 107		4.005	485,974
1 January 2020	36,714	306,913	74,009	56,826	7,427	7.450	4,085	
Additions	=	390	1,710	8,440	- 4 700	7,153	-	17,693
Disposals/write-off	-	(8,872)	(5,815)	(604)	(1,762)	(0.040)	•	(17,053)
Transfer In (out)	-	4,614	2,034			(6,648)		
31 December 2020	36,714	303,045	71,938	64,662	5,665	505	4,085	486,614
Additions		56	324	6,445	1,401	3,497	-	11,723
Disposals/write-off	•	*	(3,273)	(3,306)	(4,321)	-	(4,085)	(14,985)
Transfer in (out)	-	3,958	44	-		(4,002)		
31 December 2021	36,714	307,059	69,033	67,801	2,745		*	483,352
Accumulated depreciation								
1 January 2020	-	130,115	59,585	46,537	7,304	*	1,100	244,641
Depreciation for the year	-	25,699	4,848	4,631	122	-	-	35,300
Accumulated depreciation								
on disposals/write-off		(8,275)	(5,756)	(604)	(1,761)		-	(16,396)
31 December 2020	-	147,539	58,677	50,564	5,665	-	1,100	263,545
Depreciation for the year	-	21,989	4,726	4,903	83	-	-	31,701
Accumulated depreciation							4. 44	
on disposals/write-off	-	-	(3,234)	(3,279)	(4,321)	·	(1,100)	(11,934)
31 December 2021	-	169,528	60,169	52,188	1,427		-	283,312
Net book value								
31 December 2020	36,714	155,506	13,261	14,098	-	505	2,985	223;069
31 December 2021	36,714	137,531	8,864	15,613	1,318	*	-	200,040
Depreciation for the years								
2020							•	35,300
2021					·			31,701

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, certain equipment items were fully depreciated but have been still in use. The original costs, before deducting accumulated depreciation, of those assets amounted to approximately Baht 190.7 million and Baht 180.5 million, respectively.

13. Right-of-use assets/Lease liabilities

13.1 Right-of-use assets

Movement of right-of-use assets for the year ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 were summarised below:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate financial statements					
Buildings	Motor vehicles	Total			
	•				
94,393	1,560	95,953			
6,679	-	6,679			
(1,773)	-	. (1,773)			
(274)	· -	(274)			
(29,533)	(892)	(30,425)			
69,492	668	70,160			
4,153	-	4,153			
170	. (71)	99			
(29,347)	(597)	(29,944)			
44,468	-	44,468			
	Buildings 94,393 6,679 (1,773) (274) (29,533) 69,492 4,153 170 (29,347)	Buildings Motor vehicles 94,393 1,560 6,679 - (1,773) - (274) - (29,533) (892) 69,492 668 4,153 - 170 (71) (29,347) (597)			

13.2 Lease liabilities

•	Consolidated and separate financial statements				
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020			
Amounts of lease payments	50,136	76,713			
Less: Deferred interest expenses	(1,685)	(3,844)			
Lease liabilities - net	48,451	72,869			
Less: Current portion	(27,946)	(28,383)			
Lease liabilities - net of current portion	20,505	44,486			

13.3 Expenses relating to leases that were recognised in profit or loss

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Consolidated and separate financial statements

	For the years ended 31 December			
· —	2021	2020		
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	29,943	29,358		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	2,378	. 3,196		
Expense relating to short-term leases	. 2,721	1,613		
Expense relating to leases of low-value assets	851	956		
Gains on cancellations of leases	-	(62)		
Losses on reversals of leases in accordance with	,			
the Accounting Guidance	<u> </u>	149		
Total expenses	35,893	35,210		

13.4 Others

During 2021 and 2020, the Company had total cash outflows of Baht 34.6 million and Baht 32.1 million, respectively, for leases including short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. Moreover, the Company had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of Baht 4.2 million and Baht 6.7 million, respectively.

14. Intangible assets

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate

		•	financial statements
			Computer software
Cost			
1 January 2020			40,845
Additions		·	2,787
Write-off			(101)
31 December 2020			43,531
Additions			<u>-</u>
Write-off		•	
31 December 2021			43,531
Accumulated amortisation	4		
1 January 2020			26,984
Amortisation for the year	·	•	4,763
Accumulated amortisation on write-off			(101)
31 December 2020			31,646
Amortisation for the year			4,497
Accumulated amortisation on write-off		•	***
31 December 2021			36,143
Net book value			
31 December 2020			11,885
31 December 2021			7,388
Amortisation for the years			
2020			4,763
2021			4,497

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, certain items of computer software were fully amortised but are still in use. The original costs, before deducting accumulated amortisation, of those assets amounted to approximately Baht 22.0 million and Baht 21.0 million, respectively.

15. Other assets

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, other assets consisted of the following items:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated fina	ncial statements	Separate financial statements			
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December		
	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Rental deposits	6,983	7,638	6,983	7,638		
Agents and brokers receivables	32,838	9,759	32,838	9,759		
Other receivables	151,278	55,931	151,421	55,973		
Withholding taxes	27,410	16,221	27,410	16,221		
Receivables from sales of						
investments	6,446	1,782	6,446	1,782		
Receivable from the Legal						
Executive Department	5,093	5,870	5,093	5,870		
Others	25,749	15,097	25,127	14,581		
Total	255,797	112,298	255,318	111,824		
Less: Allowance for impairment	(27,467)	(62,026)	(27,467)	(62,026)		
Other assets - net	228,330	50,272	227,851	49,798		

During the fourth quarter of 2021, the Company received a confirming letter from a reinsurance broker claiming that the Company has been in breach of certain conditions as required in the Reinsurance Distribution Partner Agreement. As a result, the reinsurers are declining all liabilities incurred from reinsurance transactions as from 1 February 2020 and all the reinsurance transactions deemed void. Therefore, the Company reversed such reinsurance transactions as from 1 February 2020 to 30 September 2021. The reversals of accounts relating to such reinsurance transactions and their impacts, which were summarised below, were already reflected in the Group's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021

	(2,111,1,1,2,2,2,1,1,2,2,2,1,1,2,2,2,1,1,2,2,2,1,1,2,2,2,1,1,2,2,2,1,1,2,2,2,1,1,2,2,2,1,1,2,2,2,1,1,2,2,2,1,1,2,2,2,1,1,2,2,2,2,1,1,2,2,2,2,1,1,2,2,2,2,1,2
	Consolidated and separate
	financial statements
	31 December 2021
Assets	
Reinsurance receivables	(457,946)
Other assets	126,606
Total assets decreased by	(331,340)
Liabilities and owner's equity	•
Liabilities	
Reinsurance payables	(275,932)
Total liabilities decreased by	(275,932)
Owner's equity	
Deficit	(55,408)
Total owner's equity decreased by	(55,408)
Total liabilities and owner's equity decreased by	(331,340)
	(Unit: Thousand Baht)
	Consolidated and separate
	financial statements
·	For the year ended
	31 December 2021
Profit or loss:	
Revenues	· · · ·
Premium ceded to reinsurers - decreased by	466,568
Fee and commission income - decreased by	(16,330)
Total revenues increased by	450,238
Expenses	,
Benefit payments under life policies	
and claim refundable from reinsurance - decreased by	505,646
Total expenses increased by	505,646
Net profit decreased by	(55,408)

As a result of the reversals of the above accounts, the Company has a total amount of Baht 126.6 million due from the reinsurers, which was presented in "Other receivables", being a part of other assets in the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021.

Insurance contract liabilities 16.

Unearned premium reserves

Unexpired risk reserves

Unpaid policy benefits

Total

Other insurance liabilities

Loss reserves

Premium reserves

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

•	31 December 2021			31 December 2020			
	Insurance			Insurance			
	contract	Reinsurance	ī	contract	Reinsurance		
	liabilities	of liabilities	Net	liabilities	of liabilities	Net	
Long-term insurance policy reserves	9,310,423	-	9,310,423	9,766,755	<u>-</u> •	9,766,755	
Claims incurred and reported	94,937	(269)	94,668	317,842	(20 EBA)	070.000	
•		,	•	317,042	(38,580)	279,262	
Claims incurred but not yet reported	211,551	(123)	211,428	98,148	(31,927)	66,221	

352,667

60,476

50,349

569,963

10,649,974

Consolidated and separate financial statements

16.1 Long-term insurance policy reserves

360,577

60,775

50,349

569,963

10,658,575

(7,910)

(299)

(8,601)

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

(32,578)

(1,180)

(104, 265)

439,001

113,792

54,975

520,050

11,240,056

Consolidated and separate

471,579

114,972

54,975

520,050

11,344,321

financial statements

	For the years ended	31 December
	2021	2020
Balances - beginning of the years	9,766,755	8,679,969
Insurance policy reserves increased for new		
businesses and inforce policies	1,660,988	1,635,468
Insurance policy reserves released from death,		· •
benefit paid, lapse and surrender	(1,036,547)	(957,835)
Change in insurance policy reserves as a result of		
assumption changes	(1,006,466)	460,515
Changes in insurance policy reserves as a result		
of experience adjustments	(74,307)	(51,362)
Balances - end of the years	9,310,423	9,766,755

16.2 Short-term insurance policy reserves

(a) Loss reserves

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate

financial statements

	For the years ended 31 December		
	2021	2020	
Balances - beginning of the years	415,990	190,843	
Claims incurred in the current years	1,702,437	1,565,655	
Changes in loss reserves from the prior year	(25,169)	(14,788)	
Changes in assumption for calculating			
claim reserves	-	(24)	
Claims paid during the years	(1,786,770)	(1,325,696)	
Balances - end of the years	306,488	415,990	
to the second se			

(b) Gross claim development table

Accident year/	Before										
Reporting year	2013	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Total
Loss estimates:											
- End of the accident year		49,183	45,122	48,266	81,953	143,288	169,373	480,575	1,438,948	1,702,437	
- One year later		51,614	47,506	51,122	82,252	144,501	167,671	499,267	1,541,576		
- Two years later		51,635	47,647	51,126	82,264	146,018	167,679	500,716			
- Three years later		51,640	47,538	51,132	82,282	146,019	167,699				
- Four years later		51,631	47,541	51,135	82,273	146,019					
- Five years later		51,631	47,547	51,134	82,273						
- Six years later		51,633	47,546	51,134							
- Seven years later		51,633	47,546								
- Eight years later		51,633									
Ultimate loss estimates	55,782	51,633	47,546	51,134	82,273	146,019	167,699	500,716	1,541,576	1,702,437	4,346,815
Cumulative losses paid	(55,782)	(51,633)	(47,546)	(51,134)	(82,273)	(146,019)	(167,585)	(500,326)	(1,539,141)	(1,398,888)	(4,040,327)
•			-	-	_	-	114	390	2,435	303,549	306,488
Total loss reserves							1,31,24,31,31				

(c) Net claim development table

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Accident year/	Before										
Reporting year	2013	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Total
Loss estimates:											
- End of the accident year		49,183	45,122	48,266	81,953	143,288	169,373	480,575	1,438,490	1,699,302	
- One year later		51,614	47,506	51,122	82,252	144,501	167,671	499,181	1,540,489		
- Two years later		51,635	47,647	51,126	82,264	146,018	167,679	500,715			
- Three years later		51,640	47,538	51,132	82,282	146,019	167,699				
- Four years later		51,631	47,541	51,135	82,273	146,019					
- Five years later		51,631	47,547	51,134	82,273						
- Six years later		51,633	47,546	51,134							
- Seven years later		51,633	47,546								
- Eight years later		51,633									
Ultimate loss estimates	55,782	51,633	47,546	51,134	82,273	146,019	167,699	500,715	1,540,489	1,699,302	4,342,592
Cumulative losses paid	(55,782)	(51,633)	(47,546)	(51,134)	(82,273)	(146,019)	(167,585)	(500,325)	(1,538,057)	(1,396,142)	(4,036,496)
•				_	-		114	390	2,432	303,160	306,096
Total loss reserves											

(d) Unearned premium reserves

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate

financial statements

	For the years ended 31 December			
	2021	2020		
Balances - beginning of the years	471,579	360,591		
Premium written during the years	1,527,067	1,587,230		
Premium earned during the years	(1,638,069)	(1,476,242)		
Balances - end of the years	360,577	471,579		

(e) Unexpired risk reserves

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate

financial statements

	For the years ended 31 December			
	2021	2020		
Balances - beginning of the years	586,551	391,063		
Estimated claims	1,875,419	1,867,667		
Risk expired during the years	(2,040,618)	(1,672,179)		
Balances - end of the years	421,352	586,551		

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group has an excess of unexpired risk reserves from unearned premium reserves net of reinsurance by Baht 60.5 million and Baht 113.8 million, respectively. During the year, the Group was already recognised a reversal of such reserves of Baht 53.3 million in profit or loss.

16.3 Significant assumptions

(a) Long-term insurance policy reserves

The Group uses the Gross Premium Valuation ("GPV") method to value total obligated liabilities for long-term insurance contracts. The GPV method is an actuarial valuation method, which determines the present value of cash flows expected to receive from insurance premiums and expected to pay on benefits committed under insurance policies, including related expenses expected to incur in the future. However, key assumptions used are based on the Group's historical experiences and the Insurance Industry's historical experiences, the regulator's requirements, forecasts of related expenses, and so on. Key assumptions used in such actuarial estimation are summarised as below.

Mortality and morbidity rates

The Group sets mortality and morbidity rate assumptions with reference to the rates announced in the Thai Mortality Ordinary Table, the Thai Mortality Industry Table and the Thai Annuitant Table, which are also widely used in the business sector, as required by the office of Insurance Commission, the Group's historical experiences and expert judgement of actuaries.

Lapse rates or surrender rate

The Group sets lapse rate assumptions or surrender rate assumptions with reference to its historical experiences, separated by product types, lives of policies and expert judgement of actuaries.

Discount rates

The Group sets discount rate assumptions with reference to zero coupon government bonds, which are in accordance with criteria laid down by the office of Insurance Commission in valuation of liabilities of life insurance companies and the bond yields for each duration used will correspond to the durations of the expected cash flows.

Operational expenses

The Group sets operating expense assumptions with reference to actual operating expenses on in-force policies incurred in the past, trend of operating expenses in the future and expert judgement of actuaries.

(b) IBNR loss reserves

The Group estimates IBNR loss reserves using the Chain Ladder method, which is an international standard actuarial technique. The key assumptions used are claim development rates, which are derived from historical latest 10-years claim experiences available to the Group and expert judgement of actuaries.

16.4 Unpaid policy benefits

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate	
financial statements	

	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Death benefits	5,435	9,752
Maturity payments	18,940	21,250
Surrender	834	838
Benefit payments under policies	. 866	1,229
Others	24,274	21,906
Total unpaid policy benefits	50,349	54,975

16.5 Other insurance liabilities

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate

	financial statements			
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020		
Deposits of the insured	532,706	484,901		
Others	37,257	35,149		
Total other insurance liabilities	569,963	520,050		

17. Reinsurance payables

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group had reinsurance payables classified by type of liabilities as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate

	financial statements						
•	31 December 2021	31 December 2020					
	12,633	165,843					
	12,633	165,843					

18. Employee benefit obligations

Total due to reinsurers

Outward premium payables

For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, employee benefit obligations were presented as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate financial statements

	For the years ended 31 December			
	. 2021	2020		
Employee benefit obligations at beginning of the years	56,834	57,191		
Recognised in profit or loss:				
Current service costs	4,435	4,706		
Interest costs	897	899		
Total	5,332	5,605		
Recognised in other comprehensive income or loss:				
Actuarial (gains) losses arose from:	•			
Demographic assumption changes	-	<u>.</u> .		
Financial assumption changes	-	5,286		
Experience adjustments		_		
Total		5,286		
Less: Benefits paid during the years	(4,565)	(11,248)		
Employee benefit obligations at end of the years	57,601	56,834		

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group expected to pay Baht 4.0 million and Baht 5.7 million, respectively, on employee benefit obligations during the next 1 year period.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the weighted average payment durations of employee benefit obligations were 11 years and 11 years, respectively.

Significant actuarial assumptions at the valuation dates were as follows:

Staff turnover rates (depending on service years

of each employee)

·	Consolidated and separate financial statements			
	2021	2020		
	(% per annum)	(% per annum)		
Average discount rate	1.40	1.40		
Future salary incremental rate	5.00	5.00		

The impacts of sensitivity analysis for significant actuarial assumptions on employee benefit obligations as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 were summarised below:

3.50 - 25.00

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

3.50 - 25.00

	Consolidated and separate financial statements					
	31 Decen	nber 2021	31 December 2020			
		Increase (decrease)		Increase (decrease)		
	Changes	in employee		in employee		
	in	benefit	Changes in	benefit		
	assumptions	obligations	assumptions	obligations		
	(% per	ı		,		
	annum)		(% per annum)			
Average discount rate	+ 0.5	(2,315)	+ 0.5	(2,367)		
Average discount rate	- 0,5	2,471	- 0.5	2,528		
Future salary incremental rate	+ 0.5	3,080	+ 0.5	2,859		
Future salary incremental rate	- 0.5	(2,892)	- 0.5	(2,692)		
Turnover rates	+ 10.0 ⁽¹⁾	(2,680)	+ 10.0 ⁽¹⁾	(2,460)		
Turnover rates	- 10.0 ⁽¹⁾	2,845	- 10.0 ⁽¹⁾	2,601		

19. Deferred tax liabilities and income tax benefits

19.1 Deferred tax liabilities

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, deferred tax liabilities consisted of tax effects arose from the following temporary difference items:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

· _	Consolidated and separate financial statements				
			Changes in deferr	ed tax liabilities	
	31 Dec	cember	for the years ended 31 December		
	2021	2020	2021 ·	2020	
Deferred tax liabilities arose from:		•			
Unrealised gains on available-for-sale					
investments measured at fair value through					
other comprehensive income	162,570	137,573	(24,997)	(10,496)	
Unrealised gains on trading investments		•			
measured at fair value through profit or loss	38,221	24,156	(14,065)	(22,321)	
Total deferred tax liabilities	200,791	161,729			
Total changes			(39,062)	(32,817)	
Recognition of changes in		•			
- Other comprehensive income					
at beginning of the years			-	(1,288)	
- Profit or loss			(14,065)	(22,321)	
- Other comprehensive income			(24,997)	(9,208)	
Total changes			(39,062)	(32,817)	

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group had tax-deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses for which the Group did not record deferred tax assets since the management has already assessed and believes that it will not have sufficient taxable profit in the future to utilise such deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses before they expire. Those tax-deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses items are as below:

**	Consolidated financial statements		Separate finan	Separate financial statements		
•	31 Dec	31 December		ember		
	2021	2020	2021	2020		
	•	,				
Allowance for impairment	18,872	26,837	18,872	26,837		
Employee benefit obligations	57,601	56,834	57,601	56,834		
Loss reserves	306,096	345,483	306,096	. 345,483		
Unexpired risk reserves	60,476	113,792	60,476	113,792		
Leases	4,414	3,140	4,414	3,140		
Tax losses brought forward						
not longer than five fiscal years	814,640	1,972,249	814,640	1,972,249		
Total	1,262,099	2,518,335	1,262,099	2,518,335		

19.2 Income tax expenses

Income tax expenses for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 were made up as follows:

			(Unit:	Thousand Baht)	
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements		
	For the years ende	ed 31 December	For the years ended 31 December		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Current income taxes:					
Corporate income tax for the periods	en.	-	-	-	
Deferred income taxes:					
Relating to origination and reversal of		•			
temporary differences	(14,065)	(22,321)	(14,065)	(22,321)	
Income tax expenses recognised in					
profit or loss	(14,065)	(22,321)	(14,065)	(22,321)	

Reconciliations between income tax benefits and the product of accounting loss for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 and the applicable tax rate were as follows:

	Consolidated final	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements		
	For the years end	For the years ended 31 December		ed 31 December		
	2021 2020		2021	2020		
Accounting profit (loss) before						
income tax expenses	1,303,279	(1,102,166)	1,303,279	(1,102,166)		
Applicable tax rate	20%	20%	20%	20%		
Amount of income taxes at the						
applicable tax rate	(260,656)	220,433	(260,656)	220,433		
Net tax effect on revenues or expenses						
that are not taxable or not deductible						
in determining taxable profits	(4,656)	(12,195)	(4,656)	(12,195)		
Deferred taxes on temporary						
differences expected not to be able						
to utilise	-	(37,444)		(37,444)		
Utilisation of temporary differences on						
which deferred tax assets were not						
previously recognised	19,725	149	19,725 .	-		
Deferred taxes on losses for the periods						
expected not to be able to utilise	-	(193,115)	-	(193,115)		
Utilisation of tax losses on which						
deferred tax assets were not						
previously recognised	231,522		231,522	-		
Income tax expenses reported in						
profit or loss	(14,065)	(22,321)	(14,065)	(22,321)		

The amounts of income taxes relating to each component of other comprehensive income (loss) for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate

tinancia	statements

_	For the years ended 31 December	
_		
_	2021	2020
Income taxes relating to:		
(Gains) losses on revaluation of available-for-sale investments measured		
at fair value through other comprehensive income during the years	(50,386)	21,475
Recognition (reversal) of expected credit losses in profit or loss	15	(17,961)
Recognition (reversal) of impairment loss in profit or loss	1,593	(485)
Recognition of (gains) losses on disposals in profit or loss	23,781	(12,237)
Income taxes reported in other comprehensive income (loss)	(24,997)	(9,208)

20. Other liabilities

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, other liabilities consisted of the following items:

(Unit:	Thousan	d B	aht)
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	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	31 Dece	ember	31 December	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Accrued commission and brokerage expenses	68,311	150,040	68,311	150,040
Deposits from agents	78,551	89,437	78,551	89,437
Accrued operating expenses	33,130	65,196	32,029	64,801
Payables from purchases of investments	8,013	_	8,013.	
Others	7,108	12,416	7,108	12,416
Total other liabilities	195,113	317,089	194,012	316,694

21. Share capital

By the resolution of the Meeting No. 1/2021 of the Board of Directors held on 25 January 2021, it is resolved to approve the issuance of the Company's additional 48 million ordinary shares at a par value of Baht 6.25 each, or a total of Baht 300 million to existing shareholders at the ratio of 1 existing share to 0.0527763 new ordinary shares for the purpose of meeting the Capital Adequacy Requirement as required by the Office of Insurance Commission. On 11 February 2021, the Company received payments for such additional ordinary shares and registered the issued and paid-up share capital with the Ministry of Commerce on 22 February 2021.

Reconciliation of the registered, issued and paid-up share capital of the Company were as follows:

		For the year ended		For the year ended	
	Par value	31 Decem	ber 2021	31 Decem	ber 2020
	per share	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount .
•		(Thousand	(Thousand	(Thousand	(Thousand
		shares)	baht)	shares)	baht)
Registered share capital:					
Balance at beginning of the periods	6.25	1,600,000	10,000,000	960,000	6,000,000
Registered the increased/decreased					
share capital during the periods	6.25	-	•	640,000	4,000,000
Balance at end of the periods	6.25	1,600,000	10,000,000	1,600,000	10,000,000
Issued and paid-up share capital:			•		
Balance at beginning of the periods	6.25	909,500	5,684,375	685,500	4,284,375
Issued additional shares during					
the periods	6.25	48,000	300,000	224,000	1,400,000
Balance at end of the periods	6.25	957,500	5,984,375	909,500	5,684,375

22. Statutory reserve

Pursuant to Section 116 of the Public Limited Companies Act B.E. 2535, the Company is required to set aside to a statutory reserve at least 5 percent of its net income after deducting accumulated deficit brought forward (if any), unit the reserve reaches 10 percent of the registered capital. The statutory reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

23. Net investment revenues

23.	Net ilives unent revenues					
				•	nousand Baht)	
		Consolidated		Separate		
		financial sta	tements	financial statements		
		For the yea	rs ended	For the year	rs ended	
		31 Dece	mber	31 Dece	mber	
		2021	2020	2021	2020	
	Investment revenues:		•			
	Interest income	288,008	303,344	287,998	303,336	
	Dividend income	162,447	104,112	162,447	104,112	
	Less: Investment expenses	(6,533)	(5,520)	(6,533)	(5,520)	
	Net investment revenues	443,922	401,936	443,912	401,928	
24.	Operating expenses					
				(Unit: T	housand Baht)	
		Consoli	dated	Separ	ate	
		financial sta	atements	financial sta	itements	
		For the yea	rs ended	For the yea	rs ended	
		31 Dece	mber	31 Dece	mber	
		2021	2020	2021	2020	
	Personnel expenses	182,985	202,696	182,985	202,696	
	Premises and equipment expenses	82,481	92,902	82,481	92,902	
	Taxes and duties	8,399	9,093	8,399	9,093	
	Bad debt and doubtful accounts	1,872	12,661	1,872	12,661	
	Other operating expenses	39,482	67,016	39,207	66,951	
	Total operating expenses	315,219	384,368	314,944	384,303	
25.	Expected credit losses	ī				
			,	(Unit: T	housand Baht)	
		Consoli	dated	Separ		
		financial st	atements	financial sta	atements	
		For the yea	rs ended	For the yea		
		31 Dece	ember	31 Dece		
		2021	2020	2021	2020	
-	Cash and cash equivalents	10	6	10	3	
	Accrued investment income	3,612	4,144	3,612	4,144	
	Investments in securities	(73)	89,805	(73)	89,805	
	Loans and interest receivables	43,876	(9,872)	43,876	(9,872)	
	Total	47,425	84,083	47,425	84,080	
	, Jiui	,.==	,			

26. Expenses by nature

			(Unit: Thousand Baht)		
	Consol	dated	Sepa	rate	
	financial st	atements	financial statements For the years ended		
	For the yea	ars ended			
	31 December		31 December		
,	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Reserves for long-term insurance				•	
contracts increased (decreased) from		•			
prior year	(456,332)	1,086,786	(456,332)	1,086,786	
Unexpired risk reserves increased					
(decreased) from prior year	(53,316)	81,137	(53,316)	81,137	
Benefit payments under life policies	2,027,321	1,728,751	2,027,321	1,728,751	
Claims	917,498	601,287	917,498	601,287	
Commission and brokerages expenses	376,756	793,101	376,211	792,682	
Employee expenses	204,682	227,041	204,682	227,041	
Other underwriting expenses	23,463	31,726	23,463	31,726	
Premises and equipment expenses	85,697	96,889	85,697	96,889	
Bad debt and doubtful accounts	1,872	12,661	1,872	12,661	
Finance costs	2,378	3,196	2,378	3,196	
Expected credit losses	47,425	84,083	47,425	84,080	
Others	24,618	48,487	24,344	48,422	
Total expenses	3,202,062	4,795,145	3,201,243	4,794,658	

27. Provident fund

The Group and its employees have jointly established a provident fund in accordance with the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530. The Group contributes to the fund monthly at the rate of 5 - 10 percent of basic salary and employees contribute 5 - 15 percent of their basic salary. The fund, which is managed by CIMB-Principal Asset Management Company Limited, will be paid to employees upon termination in accordance with the fund rules. During the years ended 2021 and 2020, the Group contributed Baht 9.7 million and Baht 11.4 million, respectively, to the fund.

28. Components of other comprehensive income

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate financial stateme

	For the year ended 31 December 2021			For the year ended 31 December 2020.			
	Amounts		Amounts	Amounts		Amounts	
	before	Tax	net of	before	Tax	net of	
	taxes	expenses	taxes	taxes	expenses	taxes	
Gains on valuation of			•				
available-for-sale							
investments measured							
at fair value through other							
comprehensive income	124,986	(24,997)	99,989	46,041	(9,208)	36,833	
Actuarial losses				(5,286)		(5,286)	
Total	124,986	(24,997)	99,989	40,755	(9,208)	31,547	

29. Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net profit (loss) attributable to the Company's shareholders (excluding other comprehensive income (loss)) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the years.

Earnings (loss) per share for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 were determined as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements For the years ended 31 December		Separate financial statements For the years ended 31 December		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Profit (loss) for the years					
(Thousand Baht)	1,289,215	(1,124,487)	1,289,215	(1,124,488)	
Weighted average number of					
ordinary shares (Thousand shares)	950,662	790,587	950,662	790,587	
Basic earnings per share					
Earnings (loss) per share		•			
(Baht/share)	1.36	(1.42)	1,36	(1.42)	

30. Related party transactions

30.1 Type of relationship

The relationship between the Company and its related parties, who have significant business transactions with the Company, are summarised below.

Name of related parties	Type of relationship
Phillip Life Pte. Ltd.	Parent company
Phillip Insurance Broker Company Limited	Subsidiary
Phillip Securities (Thailand) Public Company Limited	Having common directors
Key management personnel	Persons having authority and responsibility
	for planning, directing and controlling the
	activities of the entity, directly or indirectly,
	including any director (whether executive or
	otherwise) of the Company.

30.2 Significant business transactions with related parties

The Company had significant business transactions with its related parties. Such transactions, which have been concluded on commercial terms and bases agreed upon in the ordinary course of business between the Company and those parties, were as follows:

	Consolidated ar	•	
	For the years ende	d 31 December	
	2021	2020 .	Pricing policy
Related parties			
Revenues			
Premium written	-	354	
Expenses			, in the second second
Securities management fee	4,543	3,007	Contract rates or agreed-upon rates
Commission expense	1,762	3,072	Contract rates or agreed-upon rates

30.3 Outstanding balances with related parties

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the outstanding balances between the Company and its related parties were as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated Separate financial statements financial statements 31 December 31 December 2021 2020 2021 2020 Subsidiary Assets 142 Receivables from related parties 42 Related company Assets Premium receivables 33 26 33 26 Liabilities Accrued securities management fee 1,216 846 1,216 846

30.4 Directors' and key management's remunerations

The Group had employee benefit expenses incurred in relation to its directors and key management as below.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate

 financial statements

 For the years ended 31 December

 2021
 2020

 Short-term employee benefits
 5,268
 3,616

 Long-term employee benefits
 136

 Total directors' and key management's remunerations
 5,268
 3,752

31. Litigations

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had outstanding litigation cases whereby the Group has been sued by its policyholders claiming for benefits under the insurance contracts for the amount of Baht 5.03 million. The judgment of the cases has not yet been finalised and the Group's management expects that the Group will win the cases and there will be no payments as a result of such claims. Therefore, the Group recorded no provision of liabilities on those litigation cases.

32. Contributions to the Life Insurance Fund

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate

financial statements

	For the years ended	d 31 December
	2021	2020
Accumulated contributions at beginning of the years	18,038	14,506
Contributions during the years	3,322	3,532
Accumulated contributions at end of the years	21,360	18,038

33. Life insurance company's risk

The Group recognises the importance of risk management within the organization. Risk Management is an important tool in organisational management according to the Risk Management Policy. It is required under the Notification of the Office of Insurance Commission that the Group's Risk Management Policy must be identified and reviewed by the Risk Management Committee and approved by the Group's Board of Directors. The Group proceeds according to the Risk Management Process, which covers key risk area as follows:

33.1 Life insurance risk

Life insurance risk is a risk that is caused by the volatility of frequency, severity and timing of occurrence that is deviated from assumptions used in pricing, calculation of reserves and underwriting consideration.

The Group sets up standard underwriting guidelines standard for each product plan, age and gender for selection of life insurance target group, taking into consideration various factors such as mortality rates, persistency rates, and soon. The Group assesses the adequacy of insurance reserves and capital adequacy ratio to meet the regulatory requirements in order to be assured that the Group is able to accept the risks that may arise in the future.

In addition, the Group has reinsurance policies to diversify those risks to the reinsurers for huge damage or disaster events.

The sensitivity analysis on the insurance contract liabilities is a tool to help analysing impact from volatility of assumptions used in calculation of insurance contract liabilities both before and after reinsurance. The risks may be caused by the frequency and severity of damages and loss adjustment expenses are not as expected. As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group performed sensitivity analysis on the insurance contract liabilities namely, long-term insurance policy reserves and loss reserves. The effects were presented as follows.

(a) The sensitivity analysis on long-term insurance policy reserves

Mortality rate
Lapse rate
Discount rate
Related expenses

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		31 Decem	ber 2021		
				Increase	
	Increase			(decrease) in	
	(decrease) in			long-term-	
	long-term			insurance	
	insurance policy			policy reserves	•
	reserves - both	Increase		- both gross	Increase
Assumptions	gross and net of	(decrease) in	Assumptions	and net of	(decrease) in
increase	reinsurance	owners' equity	decrease	reinsurance	owners' equity
+ 15%	77,185	(77,185)	- 15%	(80,805)	80,805
+ 20%	(71,661)	71,661	- 20%	89,688	(89,688)
+ 0,5%	(661,176)	661,176	- 0.5%	749,337	(749,337)
+ 5%	60,213	(60,213)	- 5%	(60,213)	60,213

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate financial statements

			31 Decem	ber 2020		
					Increase	
,		Increase			(decrease) in	•
		(decrease) in			long-term	
		long-term			insurance	
		insurance policy			policy reserves	
		reserves - both	Increase		- both gross	Increase
	Assumptions	gross and net of	(decrease) in	Assumptions	and net of	(decrease) in
	increase	reinsurance	owners' equity	decrease	reinsurance	owners' equity
Mortality rate	+ 15%	80,446	(80,446)	- 15%	(84,488)	84,488
Lapse rate	+ 20%	(214,267)	214,267	- 20%	269,454	(269,454)
Discount rate	+ 0.5%	(792,052)	792,052	- 0.5%	909,811	(909,811)
Related expenses	+ 5%	68,721	(68,721)	- 5%	(68,721)	68,721

(b) The sensitivity analysis on loss reserves

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate financial statements

	3	31 December 2021			31 December 2020		
	Increase (decrease) in	Increase (decrease) in	Increase	Increase (decrease) in loss reserves	Increase (decrease) in loss reserves	Increase	
Loss Development Factor (LDF)	before reinsurance	after reinsurance	owners'	before reinsurance	after reinsurance	(decrease) in	
+ 10%	449,163·	448,123	(448,123)	270,799	215,148	(215,148)	
- 10%	(49,397)	(49,343)	49,343	(34,420)	(26,156)	26,156	

33.2 Concentrations of life insurance risk

The Group manages concentration risk by distributing a variety of life insurance products in order to meet customers' needs of each customer segment. Circumstances that may affect the concentration of its products include:

- 1. Changes in market interest rate and the significant down trend of interest rates on deposits may have a negative impact on the Group's endowment and whole-life products.
- 2. Changes in mortality rate, which has an upward trend of average longevity age, may have a negative impact on the Group's pension products.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, concentration risk on insurance contract liabilities, classified by types of insurance products, were shown below.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	31 December 2021			31 December 2020		
	Gross		Net	Gross	,	Net
	long-term	•	long-term	long-term		long-term
	insurance		insurance	insurance		insurance
	reserves	Reinsurance	reserves	reserves	Reinsurance	reserves
					,	
Endowment	5,082,026		5,082,026	5,211,688	-	5,211,688
Whole life	3,322,043	-	3,322,043	3,629,257	•	3,629,257
Term insurance						
& mortgage	(423)	-	(423)	8,888	, -·	8,888
Annuity	105,793		105,793	121,502	-	121,502
Reduce paid-up	313,417	-	313,417	338,820	-	338,820
Extended term						
insurance	161,879	-	161,879	182,310	. -,	182,310
Long term rider	325,677	-	325,677	274,290	-	274,290
Unit-linked	11		11	-	<u>.</u>	
Total	9,310,423	-	9,310,423	9,766,755	-	9,766,755

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated and separate financial statements

	31 December 2021			31 December 2020		
	Gross loss	•	Net loss	Gross loss		Net loss
	reserves	Reinsurance	reserves	reserves	Reinsurance	reserves
Personal accident	2,603	(122)	2,481	2,054	(41)	2,013
Accidental rider	716	-	716	4,708	(780)	3,928
Critical illness				i		
rider	4,085	-	4,085	571	•	571
Health rider	66,713	(270)	66,443	247,810	(34)	247,776
Group insurance	232,371	-	232,371	160,847	(69,652)	91,195
Total	306,488	(392)	306,096	415,990	(70,507)	345,483

33.3 Insurance contract assets and liabilities

(1) Estimated timing of the net undiscounted cash outflows

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, insurance contract assets and liabilities, classified by remaining maturity periods as from the reporting dates, were summarised below:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated and separate financial statements						
		31 Decer	mber 2021				
	Within 1 year	1 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Total			
Insurance contract assets		•					
Premium receivables - net	195,792	-	-	195,792			
Reinsurance assets							
Loss reserves	372	20	~	. 392			
Reinsurance receivables	5,911		u	5,911			
Insurance contract liabilities							
Insurance contract liabilities							
Long-term insurance policy							
reserves (1)	322,911	1,541,900	13,779,468	15,644,279			
Loss reserves	291,163	15,325	_	306,488			
Reinsurance payables	12,633	-	-	12,633			

	Consolidated and separate financial statements						
	31 December 2020						
	Within 1 year	1 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Total			
Insurance contract assets		,					
Premium receivables - net	165,703	-	-	165,703			
Reinsurance assets							
Loss reserves	66,982	3,525	-	70,507			
Reinsurance receivables	128,988		-	128,988			
Insurance contract liabilities							
Insurance contract liabilities							
Long-term insurance policy				•			
reserves (1)	112,727	1,521,510	13,041,009	14,675,246			
Loss reserves	395,191	20,799	-	415,990			
Reinsurance payables	165,843	-	.	165,843			
(1) Estimated timing of the net undiscou	nted cash outflows			•			

34. Financial risk management

34.1 Credit risk

Credit risk occurs when the counter party is unable to honour an agreement made with the company including a chance that the credit rating of the counter party may be adjusted credit down. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the book value less allowance for impairment as presented in the statements of financial position.

Key areas that the Group is exposed to credit risk are cash positions, premium receivables, policy loans, mortgage loans and investments in debt securities. The Group expects no risk on policy loans since the sum that the Group has lent to the insured parties is less than the cash values of their policies with the Group.

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations are performed on all policyholders, borrowers and debt securities on an ongoing basis. The Group applies general approach in calculating expected credit losses on its financial assets, such as deposits at financial institutions, investments in debt instruments measured at amortised cost, investments in debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, loans and interest receivables.

The Group classifies financial assets into three groups in order to measure the expected credit loss, with the classification of the financial assets determined on the basis of the change in credit quality since the initial transaction date, as follows:

Group 1 - Financial assets with no significant increase in credit risk (Performing)

For financial assets with no significant increase in credit risk since the initial recognition date, the Group recognised allowance for expected credit losses at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. For financial assets with maturity of less than 12 months, the Group uses remaining terms of the contract.

Group 2 - Financial assets with significant increase in credit risk

For financial assets with significant increase in credit risk since the initial recognition date but there are no credit-impaired, the Group recognises the expected credit losses at an amount equal to expected credit losses over the expected lifetime of the financial instrument.

Group 3 - Financial assets that are credit-impaired (Non-performing)

Financial assets are assessed as credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset occur. The Group recognises the expected credit losses at the amount equal to expected credit losses over the expected lifetime of the financial assets.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether the credit risk of financial assets has increased significant since the initial recognition date, by comparing the risk of expected default on the financial assets as at reporting date with the risk of default as at the initial recognition date. The Group may use internal quantitative or qualitative bases and forward-looking information as a basis for assessing a decrease in credit quality, such as debtors overdue for more than 30 days that may be conducted individually or collectively for groups of financial assets.

In subsequent period, if the credit quality of financial assets improves and it is assessed that there is no longer significant increase in credit risk from the initial recognition date that was assessed in the previous period, the Group will change from recognising expected credit losses over the expected lifetime to recognising the 12-months expected credit losses.

Expected credit losses is the probability-weighted estimated of expected credit losses over the lifetime of a financial instrument, taking into account the present value of all cash flows that are expected not to be recoverable. This is determined with reference to historical loss experience data grouped by asset on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics, as well as forward-looking information that is supportable and reasonable, provided it can be shown to be statistically related. It also involves the appropriate exercise of judgement to estimate the amount of expected credit loss, using current macroeconomic data.

The information relating to credit quality of financial assets were as below:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements					
		31 Decen	nber 2021			
	Stage 1 - Financial assets	Stage 2 -				
	without a significant increase in credit	Financial assets with a significant increase in credit	Stage 3 - Credit-			
	risk	risk	assets	Total		
Cash and cash equivalents						
Investment grade	517,103	•	-	517,103		
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(189)	M	<u> </u>	(189)		
Net book value	516,914	•	-	516,914		
Accrued investment income		•				
Investment grade	36,760	•	-	36,760		
Non-investment grade		•	7,737	7,737		
Total	36,760	•	7,737	44,497		
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(86)		(7,737)	(7,823)		
Net book value	36,674	-		36,674		
Available-for-sale investments measured at						
fair value through other comprehensive						
income						
Investment grade	5,073,277	-	· -	5,073,277		
Non-investment grade		1	80,920	80,920		
Total fair value	5,073,277	***	80,920	5,154,197		
Allowance for expected credit losses	(3,950)	-	(89,080)	(93,030)		
Held-to-maturity investments measured at						
amortised cost		•				
Investment grade	20,170	-	-	20,170		
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses						
Net book value	20,170			20,170		
Loans and interest receivables (1)			•			
Not yet due	43,165	15,996	7,359	66,520		
Overdue 1 - 30 days	8,635	-	-	8,635		
Overdue 31 - 60 days	-	2,525	•	2,525		
Overdue 61 - 90 days	-		1,301	1,301		
Over 90 days		4	559,357	559,357		
Total	51,800	18,521	568,017	638,338		
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(1,368)	(709)	(289,542)	(291,619)		
Net book value	50,432	17,812	278,475	346,719		

(1) Excluded policy loans

⁶³

Consolidated	financial	statements
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	31 December 2020			
	Stage 1 -			
	Financial assets	Stage 2 -		
	without a	Financial assets		
•	significant	with a significant	Stage 3 - Credit-	
	increase in credit	increase in credit	impaired financial	
•	risk	risk	assets	Total
Cash and cash equivalents				•
Investment grade	357,054	-	-	357,054
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(179)	-	4	(179)
Net book value	356,875			356,875
Accrued Investment Income				
Investment grade	44,675	-	•	44,675
Non-investment grade		245	4,137	4,382
Total	44,675	245	4,137	49,057
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(57)	. (17)	(4,137)	(4,211)
Net book value	44,618	228	-	44,846
Available-for-sale investments measured at				
fair value through other comprehensive				
income				
investment grade	5,714,723		-	5,714,723
Non-investment grade	-	22,454	80,410	102,864
Total fair value	5,714,723	22,454	80,410	5,817,587
Allowance for expected credit losses	(2,720)	(793)	(89,590)	(93,103)
leld-to-maturity investments measured at		•		
amortised cost				,
nvestment grade	10,000	-	-	10,000
ess: Allowance for expected credit losses				-
Net book value	10,000	-	-	10,000
_oans and interest receivables ⁽¹⁾	•			
Not yet due	333,866	-	-	333,866
Overdue 1 - 30 days	1,534	-	-	1,534
Overdue 31 - 60 days	-	10,562		10,562
Overdue 61 - 90 days	-	• -	16,583	16,583
Over 90 days		•	503,107	503,107
Total	335,400	10,562	519,690	865,652
1 0 001				
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(4,675)	(3,540)	(239,527)	(247,742)

⁽¹⁾ Excluded policy loans

Separate	financial	statements
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		+ -	ciai statements		
	31 December 2021				
·	Stage 1 -	C* 0	nine.		
	Financial assets	Stage 2 -			
	without a significant	Financial assets with a significant	Stage 3 - Credit-		
	increase in credit	increase in credit	impaired financial		
	risk	risk	assets	Total	
Cash and cash equivalents	***************************************			1 ota:	
nvestment grade	511,275			511,275	
ess: Allowance for expected credit losses	(186)	_	-	(186)	
Net book value	511,089		·	511,089	
Accrued investment income				011,000	
nvestment grade	36,760	_		36,760	
lon-investment grade			7,737	7,737	
otal	36,760		7,737	44,497	
	(86)	_	(7,737)	(7,823)	
ess: Allowance for expected credit losses	36,674		(1,101)	36,674	
let book value	50,014	•	Canada de la Caracteria de la Caracteria de	30,014	
vailable-for-sale investments measured at			•		
fair value through other comprehensive					
income nvestment grade	5,073,277			5,073,277	
	5,075,277		80,920	80,920	
lon-investment grade	5,073,277	Annual (1974) (1974) (1974) (1974) (1974) (1974) (1974) (1974) (1974) (1974) (1974) (1974) (1974) (1974) (1974)	80,920	5,154,197	
Total fair value					
Allowance for expected credit losses	(3,950)	-	(89,080)	(93,030)	
eld-to-maturity investments measured at amortised cost					
nvestment grade	20,170		-	20,170	
ess: Allowance for expected credit losses	· -	•	-	-	
łet book value	20,170			20,170	
oans and interest receivables (1)	A.V.				
lot yet due	43,165	15,996	7,359	66,520	
Overdue 1 - 30 days	8,635	-		8,635	
Overdue 31 - 60 days	-	2,525	-	2,525	
overdue 61 - 90 days	-	-	1,301	1,301	
Over 90 days		-	559,357	559,357	
otal o	51,800	18,521	568,017	638,338	
ess; Allowance for expected credit losses	(1,368)	(709)	(289,542)	(291,619)	
Net book value	50,432	17,812	278,475	346,719	

⁽¹⁾ Excluded policy loans

	31 December 2020				
	Stage 1 -				
	Financial assets	Stage 2 -			
•	without a	Financial assets	•		
	significant	with a significant	Stage 3 - Credit-		
	increase in credit	increase in credit	impaired financial		
	risk	· risk	assets	Total	
Cash and cash equivalents					
Investment grade	352,060	-	-	352,060	
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(176)		<u> </u>	(176)	
Net book value	351,884	·		351,884	
Accrued investment income					
Investment grade	44,675	-	-	44,675	
Non-investment grade	-	245	4,137	4,382	
Total	44,675	245	4,137	49,057	
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(57)	(17)	(4,137)	(4,211)	
Net book value	44,618	228	<u>-</u>	44,846	
Available-for-sale investments measured at					
fair value through other comprehensive			•		
income		•			
Investment grade	5,714,723	-	-	5,714,723	
Non-investment grade		22,454	80,410	102,864	
Total fair value	5,714,723	22,454	80,410	5,817,587	
Allowance for expected credit losses	(2,720)	. (793)	(89,590)	(93,103)	
Held-to-maturity investments measured at			,		
amortised cost					
Investment grade	10,000	~	-	10,000	
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	-	-		-	
Net book value	10,000		-	10,000	
Loans and interest receivables (1)	-				
Not yet due	333,866		-	333,866	
Overdue 1 - 30 days	1,534	-		1,534	
Overdue 31 - 60 days	-	10,562	-	10,562	
Overdue 61 - 90 days	-	•	16,583	16,583	
Over 90 days	•		503,107	503,107	
Total	335,400	10,562	519,690	865,652	
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(4,675)	. (3,540)	(239,527)	(247,742)	
Net book value	330,725	7,022	280,163	617,910	

⁽¹⁾ Excluded policy loans

The above table showed the maximum exposure to credit risk for financial assets. The maximum exposure was shown in gross carrying amounts before collateral or any activities that could mitigate credit risk.

For financial assets recognised in the statement of financial position, the maximum exposure to credit risk equals their gross carrying amounts net of allowance for expected credit losses.

The significant movements in allowance for expected credit losses were stated below:

	Consolidated financial statements					
	For the year ended 31 December 2021					
	Stage 1 - Financial assets	Stage 2				
	without a significant increase in credit risk	Financial assets with a significant increase in credit risk	Stage 3 - Credit- impaired financial - assets	Total		
Cash and cash equivalents						
Beginning balances	179	-	-	179		
Change due to remeasurement of						
allowance for expected credit losses	10	-	. - .	10		
Ending balances	189			189		
Accrued investment income						
Beginning balances	57	17	4,137	4,211		
Change due to restaging						
Change due to remeasurement of			•			
allowance for expected credit losses	35		3,600	3,635		
Amounts written off	(6)	(17)	•	(23)		
Ending balances	86		7,737	7,823		
Available-for-sale investments measured						
at fair value through other			•			
comprehensive income						
Beginning balances	2,720	793	89,590	93,103		
Change due to restaging						
Change due to remeasurement of						
allowance for expected credit losses	1,488	-	(510)	978		
Amounts written off	(258)	(793)		(1,051)		
Ending balances	3,950		89,080	93,030		
Loans and interest receivables (1)						
Beginning balances	4,675	3,540	239,527	247,742		
Change due to restaging	(490)	(1,890)	2,380	-		
Change due to remeasurement of		•				
allowance for expected credit losses	215	(941)	51,523	50,797		
Newly purchased or acquired financial assets	640	-	-	640		
Amounts written off	(3,672)	-	(3,888)	(7,560)		
Ending balances	1,368	709	289,542	291,619		

⁽¹⁾ Excluded policy loans

Consolidated financial statements

		For the year ended	31 December 2020	
	Stage 1 -	,		
	Financial assets	Stage 2 -		•
•	without a	Financial assets		
	significant	with a significant	Stage 3 - Credit-	
	increase in credit	increase in credit	impaired financial	
	risk	risk	assets	Total
Cash and cash equivalents			•	
Beginning balances	173	-	•	173
Change due to remeasurement of				
allowance for expected credit losses	6.	· _	801-1400-1614-1614-1614-1614-1614-1614-16	6
Ending balances	179	-		179
Accrued investment income				
Beginning balances	67	-	-	67
Change due to restaging	(11)	. 8	3	-
Change due to remeasurement of				•
allowance for expected credit losses	5	9	4,134	4,148
Amounts written off	(4)	•		(4)
Ending balances	57	17	4,137	4,211
Available-for-sale investments measured				•
at fair value through other				
comprehensive income				
Beginning balances	3,298	-	•	3,298
Change due to restaging	(560)	416	144	-
Change due to remeasurement of				
allowance for expected credit losses	167	377	89,446	89,990
Amounts written off	(185)		<u> </u>	(185)
Ending balances	2,720	· 793	89,590	93,103
Loans and interest receivables (1)				•
Beginning balances	1,310	99	256,205	257,614
Change due to restaging	(500)	53	447 ,	-
Change due to remeasurement of				
allowance for expected credit losses	(37)	3,388	5,210	8,561
Newly purchased or acquired financial assets	3,931	-	-	3,931
Amounts written off	(29)	**************************************	(22,335)	(22,364)
Ending balances	4,675	3,540	239,527	247,742
<u>.</u>	-			

⁽¹⁾ Excluded policy loans

Separate	financial	statements
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		For the year ended	31 December 2021	
	Stage 1 -			
	Financial assets	Stage 2 -		
	without a	Financial assets		
	significant	with a significant	Stage 3 - Credit-	
÷	increase in credit	increase in credit	impaired financial	
	risk	risk	assets	Total
Cash and cash equivalents		*		
Beginning balances	176	-	•	176
Change due to remeasurement of				
allowance for expected credit losses	10	***************************************		10
Ending balances	186			186
Accrued investment income				
Beginning balances	57	17	4,137	4,211
Change due to restaging				
Change due to remeasurement of				
allowance for expected credit losses	35	٠ .	3,600	3,635
Amounts written off	(6)	(17)	-	(23)
Ending balances	86		7,737	7,823
Available-for-sale investments measured				
at fair value through other		•		
comprehensive income				
Beginning balances	2,720	793	89,590	93,103
Change due to restaging			,	
Change due to remeasurement of		•		
allowance for expected credit losses	1,488	-	(510)	978
Amounts written off	(258)	(793)		(1,051)
Ending balances	3,950	-	080,98	93,030
Loans and interest receivables ⁽¹⁾				
Beginning balances	4,675	3,540	239,527	247,742
Change due to restaging	(490)	(1,890)	2,380	-
Change due to remeasurement of				
allowance for expected credit losses	215	(941)	51,523 -	50,797
Newly purchased or acquired financial assets	640	٠ ـ ـ	-	640
Amounts written off	(3,672)	-	(3,888)	(7,560
Ending balances	1,368	709	289,542	291,619

	For the year ended 31 December 2020						
		For the year ended	31 December 2020				
	Stage 1 -						
	Financial assets	Stage 2 -					
	without a	Financial assets					
	significant	with a significant	Stage 3 - Credit-				
	increase in credit	increase in credit	impaired financial				
	risk	risk	assets	Total			
Cash and cash equivalents							
Beginning balances	173	~	- ,	173			
Change due to remeasurement of							
allowance for expected credit losses	3			3			
Ending balances	176	-		176			
Accrued investment income							
Beginning balances	67	-	•	67			
Change due to restaging	(11)	. 8	3	,			
Change due to remeasurement of							
allowance for expected credit losses	5	9	4,134	4,148			
Amounts written off	(4)			(4)			
Ending balances	57	. 17	4,137	4,211			
Available-for-sale investments measured							
at fair value through other							
comprehensive income							
Beginning balances	3,298	•	-	3,298			
Change due to restaging	(560)	416	144	-			
Change due to remeasurement of							
allowance for expected credit losses	167	377	89,446	89,990			
Amounts written off	(185)		· -	(185)			
Ending balances	2,720	793	89,590	93,103			
Loans and interest receivables (t)							
Beginning balances	1,310	99	256,205	257,614			
Change due to restaging	(500)	53	447	-			
Change due to remeasurement of		•					
allowance for expected credit losses	(37)	3,388	5,210	8,561			
Newly purchased or acquired financial assets	3,931	-	-	3,931			
Amounts written off	(29)	-	(22,335)	(22,364)			
Ending balances	4,675	3,540	239,527	247,742			

⁽¹⁾ Excluded policy loans

34.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk means the risk that occurs from the fluctuations in interest rates due to changes in market interest rates.

The Company manages this risk by performing sensitivity test in the condition of market interest rate's changing to show the impact on the changing in Capital Adequacy Ratio under the changing in market interest rate and will find out the solution to control that impact.

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to its deposits at financial institutions, accrued investment income, investments in securities, loans and interest receivables and lease liabilities.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, significant financial assets classified by type of interest rates are summarised in the table below, with those financial assets that carry fixed interest rates further classified based on the maturity date, or the repricing date if this occurs before the maturity date.

Consolidated financial statements

			31	December 2021	-		
		xed Interest rate		· ·			
	Remaining perio		ates or maturity				
		dates		Floating	No		
	Within 1 year	1 - 5 years	Over 5 years	interest rate	interest	Total	Interest rate
							(% p.a.)
Financial Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	•	-	-	516,630	284	516,914	0.05 - 0.41
Accrued Investment Income	-	-		•	36,674	36,674	*
Investments in securities							
Government and state						•	
enterprise securities	379,919	405,652	1,240,625	•		2,026,196	0.44 - 4.50
Private sector debt							
securities	229,504	992,185	1,645,689	-	•	2,867,378	3,68 - 5.10
Domestic common stocks	*	-	-	-	505,829	505,829	•
Foreign common stocks	-	-	-	•	2,060,621	2,080,621	*
Domestic unit trusts	-	· -	-	•	4,276,103	4,276,103	-
Foreign unit trusts	-	-	•	-	923,242	923,242	*
Deposits at financial							
Institutions with a							
maturity period of							
longer than 3 months	20,170	-	-	1 14	-	20,170	1.20 - 1.45
Policy loans and interest							•
receivables	554,841	-		*		554,841	4.00 - 8.00
Mortgage loans, other loans,							
and interest receivables	265,103	29,651	8,157	43,808	. .	346,719 ⁽¹⁾	5,00 - 19,00
Financial Liabilities			,				
Lease liabilities	27,946	20,505	•	-	-	48,451	3,36 - 4:00
(i) to be dead assett impolered logger as	ad interest receivables	of Baht 278 million	•				

⁽f) Included credit-impaired loans and interest receivables of Baht 278 million

Consolidated financial statements

·			,		<u> </u>		
	Fi	xed interest rates		•			
	Remaining perio	ds to repricing da	les or maturity				
		dates		Floating	No		•
	Within 1 year	1 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Interest rate	interest	, Total	Interest rate
				,			(% p.a.)
Financial Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	. •	-	•	356,132	743	356,875	0.05 - 0.42
Accrued investment income	-	-	-	*	44,846	44,846	-
Investments in securities						*	
Government and state				•			
enterprise securities	173,563	698,112	1,366,579	~	-	2,236,254	1,54 - 4.54
Private sector debt							
securities	307,525	952,248	2,090,049	•	-	3,349,822	3.68 - 5.25
Domestic common stocks	-	-	4	-	304,166	- 304,166	-
Foreign common stocks	-	-	-	-	1,604,032	1,604,032	-
Domestic unit trusts	-	-	-	-	3,626,451	3,626,451	-
Foreign unit trusts		-	-	-	603,289	603,289	-
Deposits at financial							
institutions with a						•	
maturity period of							
longer than 3 months	10,000	-	-	-	•	10,000	1.70
Policy loans and interest							
receivables	573,548	-	-	•	-	573,548	4.75 - 8.00
Mortgage loans, other loans,						•	
and interest receivables	520,685	52,421	10,414	. 34,390	-	617,910 ⁽¹⁾	5.00 - 19.00
<u>Financial Liabilities</u>							•
Lease liabilities	28,383	44,486	•	-	-	72,869	3,36 - 4.00

⁽i) Included credit-Impaired loans and interest receivables of Baht 280 million

			31	1 December 2021			
	F	ixed interest rate	S				
	Remaining perio	ods to repricing d	ales or maturity			•	,
		dates		т.			
	Within			Floating	No		
	1 year	1 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Interest rate	interest	Total	Interest rate
							(% p.a.)
Financial Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	-		-	510,805	284	511,089	0,05 - 0.41
Accrued Investment Income	-	-	-	-	36,674	36,674	•'
Investments in securities	-						
Government and state							
enterprise securities	379,919	405,652	1,240,625	-	.	2;026,196	0.44 - 4.50
Private sector debt				•			
securities	229,504	992,185	1,645,689		-	2,867,378	3,68 - 5,10
Private sector debt							
securitles	-	*	-	-	505,829	505,829	-
Domestic common stocks	-		-	-	2,060,621.	2;060,621	*
Foreign common stocks	-		-		4,276,103	4,276,103	-
Domestic unit trusts	-		-	-	923,242	923,242	-'
Deposits at financial							
institutions with a							
maturity period of						1	
longer than 3 months	20,170	-	-		H	20,170	1.20 - 1.45
Policy loans and interest							•
receivables	554,841	-	~	**	-	554,841	4.00 - 8.00
Mortgage loans, other loans,	•						
and interest receivables	265,103	29,651	8,157	43,808		346,719 ⁽¹⁾	5,00 - 19.00
<u>Financial Liabilities</u>				•			
Lease liabilities	27,946	20,505	-		-	48,451	3,36 - 4,00

⁽¹⁾ Included credit-impaired loans and interest receivables of Baht 278 million

			3′	December 2020	!		
	Flx	ed interest rates	i				
	Remaining period	is to repricing da	ites or maturity				
		dates					
	Within			Floating	No	•	
	1 year	1 - 5 years	Over 5 years	interest rate	interest	Total	Interest rate
							(% p.a.)
Financial Assets	•						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-		351,141	743	351,884	0.05 - 0,42
Accrued investment income	-		-	-	44,846	44,846	
Investments in securities				•			
Government and state							
enterprise securities	173,563	696,112	1,366,579	-	-	2,236,254	1.54 - 4.54
Private sector debt							
securities	307,525	952,248	2,090,049	-		3,349,822	3,68 - 5,25
Private sector debt		•		•			
securities	-	-	•	-	304,166	304,166	
Domestic common stocks	· -	•	-	-	1,604,032	1,604,032	-
Foreign common stocks	-	-	-	H	3,626,451	3,626,451	•
Domestic unit trusts		-	•	-	603,289	603,289	-
Deposits at financial				•			
institutions with a							
maturity period of							
longer than 3 months	10,000	-	-		-	10,000	1.70
Policy loans and interest					•	r	
receivables	573,548	-	• •		-	573,548	4.75 - 8.00
Mortgage loans, other loans							
and interest receivables	520,685	52,421	10,414	34,390	-	617,910 ⁽¹⁾	5,00 - 19.00
Financial Liabilities						,	
Lease liabilities	28,383	44,486	-	-		72,869	3.36 - 4.00

⁽f) Included credit-impaired loans and interest receivables of Baht 280 million

The changes in interest rates affected on the Group's profit and loss and owners' equity as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 were summarised below:

	Consolid	ated and separate financia	al statements
		31 December 2021	
		Loss before income	Owners' equity
	Increase	tax increased	increased
	(decrease)	(decreased)	(decreased)
y.	(%)	(Thousand baht)	(Thousand baht)
Investments in debt securities	+0.5%	-	(131,752)
Investments in debt securities	-0.5%		138,278
Loans and interest receivables	+0.5%	249	(249)
Loans and interest receivables	-0.5%	(249)	249
	Consolid	lated and Separate financi	al statements
		31 December 2020	
		Loss before income	Owners' equity
	Increase	tax increased	increased
	(decrease)	. (decreased)	(decreased)
·	(%)	(Thousand Baht)	(Thousand Baht)
Investments in debt securities	+ 0.5		(164,104)

The above analysis has been prepared assuming that the amounts of the floating rate of investments in debt instruments and loans and all other variables remain constant. As a result, a change in interest rates affects fair value of investments in debt instruments and interest received on loans from the sensitivity calculation.

- 0.5 + 0.5

- 0.5

Investments in debt securities

Loans and interest receivables

Loans and interest receivables

172,716

(207)

207

207

(207)

34.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will be unable to liquidate financial assets and/or procure sufficient funds to discharge obligations in a timely manner or able to make payment at a cost higher than acceptable level, resulting in a financial loss. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents appropriate to their operations to reduce the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

In addition, the Group prepares risk monitoring reports on Key Risk Indicators (KRIs) and Capital Adequacy Ratio required by regulation.

Consolidated financial statements

			Consolie	dated financial sta	atements		
		Outstand	ling balances of fi	nancial instrumer	ts as at 31 Decem	ber 2021	
		Less than	6 months -				
	At call	6 months	1 year	1 - 3 years	Over 3 years	Unspecified	Total
Financial Assets		-		1			
Cash and cash equivalents	456,941	59,973	•		-	-	516,914
Accrued investment income	-	36,674	-	-	-	-	36,674
Investments in securities							
Government and state						•	
enterprise securities	*	317,567	62,352	172,041	1,474,236	4	2,026,196
Private sector debt							
securities	- •	50,082	179,421	679,421	1,958,454	-	2,867,378
Domestic common stocks	499,383	~	-	-	-	6,446	505,829
Foreign common stocks	2,060,621	-	-	-			2,060,621
Domestic unit trusts	4,276,103	-	•	` -	44	•	4,276,103
Foreign unit trusts	923,242	-	-	-	₩	-	923,242
Deposits at financial							
institutions with a							
maturity period of						,	
longer than 3 months	10,170	•	10,000	· -	-	-	20,170
Policy loans and interest						•	
recelvables	554,841	-	-	-	-	-	554,841
Mortgage loans, other						,	
loans, and interest					•		
receivables	259,171	2,877	8,816	5,535	70,320	-	346,719
Financial Liabilities			•				
Lease liabilities	*	13,267	16,030	20,839	**	-	50,136

Consolidated financial statements

		Outstanding balances of financial instruments as at 31 December 2020						
•		Less than	6 months -			-	-	
	At call	6 months	1 year	1 - 3 years	Over 3 years	Unspecified	Total	
Financial Assets		,						
Cash and cash equivalents	356,875	-	-	-	•	-	356,875	
Accrued investment income	-	44,846	-	•	-	-	44,846	
Investments in securities						ř		
Government and state								
enterprise securities	w	30,437	143,126	329,692	1,732,999	-	2,236,254	
Private sector debt								
securities	-	307,525	-	636,627	2,405,670	-	3,349,822	
Domestic common stocks	297,610	*	-	-	**	6,556	304,166	
Foreign common stocks	1,604,032	· <u>-</u>		•	-	-	1,604,032	
Domestic unit trusts	3,626,451	-	-	•	-	•	3,626,451	
Foreign unit trusts	603,289	-	-		-	-	603,289	
Deposits at financial								
institutions with a					i	•		
maturity period of				,				
longer than 3 months	-	10,000		-	**	•	10,000	
Policy loans and interest								
receivables	573,548	-	-	*	-	-	573,548	
Mortgage loans, other loans,						Ü		
and interest receivables	244,092	8,265	274,365	35,850	55,338	-	617,910	
Financial Liabilities							•	
Lease liabilities	•	13,536	17,174	46,003	-	-	76,713	

	,	Outstand	ding balances of fir	nancial instrumer	nts as at 31 Decem	ber 2021	
		Less than	6 months -				
	At call	6 months	1 year	1 - 3 years	Over 3 years	Unspecified	Total
Financial Assets		·				•	
Cash and cash equivalents	451,116	59,973	• •		-	•	511,089
Accrued Investment Income		36,674	•	-	-		36,674
Investments in securities	•						
Government and state							
enterprise securities	-	317,567	62,352	172,041	1,474,236	•	2,026,196
Private sector debt				i			
securities	-	50,082	179,421	679,421	1,958,454	-	2,867,378
Domestic common stocks	499,383	~	-	-	-	6,446	505,829
Foreign common stocks	2,060,621	-	-	•		-	2,060,621
Domestic unit trusts	4,276,103	-	-	-	• '	-	4,276,103
Foreign unit trusts	923,242	· -	•		•	-	923,242
Deposits at financial							
institutions with a							
maturity period of							•
longer than 3 months	10,170	-	10,000	-	- '	•	20,170
Policy loans and interest							
receivables .	554,841	-	P	-	-		554,841
Mortgage loans, other loans,							
and interest receivables	259,171	2,877	8,816	5,635	70,320	-	346,719
<u>Financial Liabilities</u>						1	
Lease liabilities		13,267	16,030	20,839	-	-	50,136

	Outstanding balances of financial instruments as at 31 December 2020						
		Less than	6 months -		r	•	
•	At call	6 months	1 year	1 - 3 years	Over 3 years	Unspecified	Total
Financial Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	351,884	-	•		-	-	351,884
Accrued investment income	-	44,846	-	*	14	-	44,846
Investments in securities					•		
Government and state				•			,
enterprise securities	-	30,437	143,126	329,692	1,732,999	-	2,236,254
Private sector debt	•						
securities	-	307,525	-	636,627	2,405,670		3,349,822
Domestic common stocks	297,610	-	-	-	-	6,556	304,166
· Foreign common stocks	1,604,032	-	-	-	-	-	1,604,032
Domestic unit trusts	3,626,451	-	-	-	-	-	3,626,451
Foreign unit trusts	603,289	-	-	-	-	-	603,289
Deposits at financial						,	
institutions with a							
maturity period of							
longer than 3 months	-	10,000		-	-	-	10,000
Policy loans and interest	•						
receivables	573,548	-	-	-	-		573,548
Mortgage loans, other loans,					•		
and interest receivables	244,092	8,265	274,365	35,850	55,338	-	617,910
Financial Liabilities							
Lease liabilities	*	13,536	17,174	46,003		-	76,713

34.4 Foreign currency risk

The Group's significant exposures to foreign currency risk are in respect of its investments in equity securities and unit trusts, which are denominated in foreign currencies.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the balances of financial assets denominated in foreign currencies, which were not hedged for foreign exchange risk, were summarised below.

	Consolidated and separate financial statements							
	31 December 2021							
	Foreign currency	Co	ost	Fair	value	Exchange rate		
		(Thousand units)	(Thousand Baht)	(Thousand units)	(Thousand Baht)	(Baht per unit)		
Trading investments			·	•	•			
measured at fair value	•							
through profit or loss								
Unit trusts	Singapore dollar	10,855	250,286	10,872	265,776	24.45		
Unit trusts	HK dollar	77,609	300,000	77,635	329,552	4.24		
Unit trusts	US dollar	2,012	60,805	2,024	67,291	33.25		
Available-for-sales	•							
investments measured at								
fair value through other								
comprehensive Income								
Common stocks	Singapore dollar	37,520	890,045	59,126	1,445,390	24.45		
Common stocks	Japanese yen	836,141	254,001	1,184,533	339,856	28.69		
Common stocks	HK dollar	53,633	209,263	53,934	228,944	4.24		
Common stocks	US dollar	1,105	33,422	1,397	46,431	33,25		
Unit trusts	Singapore dollar	7,982	189,497	8,880	217,069	24.45		
Unit trusts	US dollar	1,200	37,518	1,310	43,554	33,25		
		Consolid	ated and separa	ate financial sta	tements			
			31 Decem	ber 2020				
	Foreign currency	Co	ost .	Fair	value	Exchange rate		
		(Thousand	(Thousand	(Thousand	(Thousand	-		
		units)	Baht)	units)	Baht)	(Baht per unit)		
Trading investments								
measured at fair value					,			
through profit or loss								
Unit trusts	Singapore dollar	14,194	322,880	14,205	317,806	22,37		
Unit trusts	US dollar	1,797	53,855	1,807	53, 9 72	29.87		
Available-for-sales								
investments measured at								
fair value through other								
comprehensive income		•	•					
Common stocks	Singapore dollar	38,645	916,662	47,930	1,072,313	22.37		
Common stocks	Japanese yen	836,141	254,001	1,241,735	356,224	28.69		
Common stocks	HK dollar	34,646	136,332	37,252	142,806	3,83		
Common stocks	US dollar	1,105	33,422	1,094	32,689	29.87		
Unit trusts	Singapore dollar	7,698	183,387	8,599	192,385	22.37		
Unit trusts	US dollar	1,200	37,518	1,310	39,126	29.87		

34.5. Fair values of financial instruments

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group had financial assets and liabilities that were measured or disclosed at fair value using different levels of inputs as follows:

•	Consolidated financial statements				
	31 December 2021				
	Fair value				Carrying
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	value
Financial assets measured at fair values					
Trading investments measured at fair value through				•	
profit or loss		•			
Domestic unit trusts	-	3,457,912	•	3,457,912	3,457,912
Foreign unit trusts	-	662,619	-	662,619	662,619
Available-for-sale investments measured at fair					
value through other comprehensive income					
Government and state enterprise securities	· -	2,026,196	-	2,026,196	2,026,196
Private sector debt securities	•	2,786,458	80,920	2,867,378	2,867,378
Domestic common stocks	499,383	-	6,446	505,829	505,829
Foreign common stocks	2,060,621	-	-	2,060,621	2,060,621
Domestic unit trusts	818,191		-	818,191	818,191
Foreign unit trusts	260,623	-	-	260,623	260,623
Financial assets for which fair values were					
disclosed					
Cash and cash equivalents	516,914		-	516,914	516,914
Accrued investment income	-	36,674		36,674	36,674
Investments measured at amortised cost					
Deposits at financial institutions with a maturity					
period of longer than 3 months	-	20,170	-	20,170	20,170
Policy loans and interest receivables		• -	629,471	629,471	554,841
Mortgage loans, other loans and interest receivables	-	-	564,796	564,796	346,719
Financial liabilities for which fair values were					
disclosed				•	
Lease liabilities	-		48,451	48,451	48,451

	Conso	lidated	financial	statements
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	31 December 2020				
	Fair value			Carrying	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	value
Financial assets measured at fair values		•			
Trading investments measured at fair value through					
profit or loss					
Domestic unit trusts	-	2,888,774	•	2,888,774	2,888,774
Foreign unit trusts	-	371,778	-	371,778	371,778
Available-for-sale investments measured at fair					
value through other comprehensive income					
Government and state enterprise securities	-	2,236,254	-	2,236,254	2,236,254
Private sector debt securities	-	3,246,958	102,864	3,349,822	3,349,822
Domestic common stocks	297,610	-	6,556	304,166	304,166
Foreign common stocks	1,604,032	-	-	1,604,032	1,604,032
Domestic unit trusts	737,677	•	-	737,677	737,677
Foreign unit trusts	231,511	-	-	231,511	231,511
Financial assets for which fair values were		•			
disclosed .					
Cash and cash equivalents	356,875	•	-	356,875	356,875
Accrued investment income	-	44,846	-	44,846	44,846
Investments measured at amortised cost		0			
Deposits at financial institutions with a maturity					
period of longer than 3 months	-	10,000	-	10,000	10,000
Policy loans and interest receivables	-	-	667,558	667,558	573,548
Mortgage loans, other loans and interest receivables	-		796,540	796,540	617,910
Financial liabilities for which fair values were		•			
disclosed					
Lease liabilities			72,869	72,869	72,869

	31 December 2021				
	Fair value				Carrying
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	value
Financial assets measured at fair values					
Trading investments measured at fair value fair value					
through profit or loss					
Domestic unit trusts	_	3,457,912	-	3,457,912	3,457,912
Foreign unit trusts	_	662,619	-	662,619	662,619
Available-for-sale investments measured at fair value				•	
through other comprehensive income		,			
Government and state enterprise securities	-	2,026,196	-	2,026,196	2,026,196
Private sector debt securities	-	2,786,458	80,920	2,867,378	2,867,378
Domestic common stocks	499,383		6,446	505,829	505,829
Foreign common stocks	2,060,621	• -	-	2,060,621	2,060,621
Domestic unit trusts	818,191	-	•	818,191	818,191
Foreign unit trusts	260,623	-	-	260,623	260,623
Financial assets for which fair values were					
disclosed					
Cash and cash equivalents	511,089	-	-	511,089	511,089
Accrued investment income	-	36,674	-	36,674	36,674
Investments measured at amortised cost		•			
Deposits at financial institutions with a maturity					
period of longer than 3 months	-	20,170	-	20,170	20,170
Policy loans and interest receivables		-	629,471	629,471	554,841
Mortgage loans, other loans and interest receivables	-	-	564,796	564,796	346,719
Financial liabilities for which fair values were					
disclosed	i				
Lease liabilities	-	-	48,451	48,451	48,451

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	31 December 2020				
	, Fair value				Carrying
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	value
Financial assets measured at fair values					,
Trading investments measured at fair value fair value					
through profit or loss					
Domestic unit trusts	-	2,888,774	-	2,888,774	2,888,774
Foreign unit trusts	· -	371,778	-	371,778	371,778
Available-for-sale investments measured at fair value					
through other comprehensive income					
Government and state enterprise securities	-	2,236,254	-	2,236,254	2,236,254
Private sector debt securities	٠ ـ	3,246,958	102,864	3,349,822	3,349,822
Domestic common stocks	297,610	-	6,556	304,166	304,166
Foreign common stocks	1,604,032	-	-	1,604,032	1,604,032
Domestic unit trusts	737,677	-	-	737,677	737,677
Foreign unit trusts	231,511			231,511	231,511
Financial assets for which fair values were					
disclosed					
Cash and cash equivalents	351,884	-	-	351,884	351,884
Accrued investment income	-	44,846	-	44,846	44,846
Investments measured at amortised cost					
Deposits at financial institutions with a maturity					
period of longer than 3 months	-	10,000	-	10,000	10,000
Policy loans and interest receivables	-	-	667,558	667,558	573,548
Mortgage loans, other loans and interest receivables	-	٠ ـ	796,540	796,540	617,910
Financial liabilities for which fair values were					
disclosed					
Lease liabilities	-	-	72,869	72,869	72,869

The methods and assumptions used by the Group in estimating the fair value of financial instruments are as follows:

- (a) The fair values of financial assets having short-term maturity, which are cash and cash equivalent, short-term deposits at financial institutes, short-term investments and accrued investment income, are estimated to approximate their carrying values.
- (b) Investments in debts securities are determined for fair values using the yield curve as announced by the Thai Bond Market Association.

- (c) Investments in equity securities are determined for fair values according to market prices or using the net asset value per unit as announced by the fund managers. In case of non-marketable equity securities, the fair value is generally determined using generally accepted pricing model or approximated to their net book values if the fair value cannot be reliably estimated.
- (d) The fair value of policy loans is estimated from the present value of cash flows discounted by zero coupon bonds.
- (e) The fair value of mortgaged loans is estimated from the present value of cash flows discounted by an average retail lending rates of 5 commercial banks.
- (f) The fair value of lease liabilities is approximated to their carrying values due to carrying an approximate market rate.

During the periods, there were no transfers within the fair value hierarchy.

Reconciliation of fair value measurements of equity financial assets, categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, were presented below:

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)
	Consolidated and separate
	financial statements
Balance as of 1 January 2021	6,556
Net loss recognised in other comprehensive income	(110)
Balance as of 31 December 2021	6,446

35. Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to ensure that they have appropriate financial structure to preserve the Group's ability to continue their businesses as a going concern and to maintain capital in accordance with Declarations of the Office of Insurance Commission.

36. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Company's Board of directors on 28 March 2022.